# A Phase II Randomized Double-Blind, Placebo Controlled Study in Patients with Critical Limb Ischemia to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of hSDF-1 plasmid (JVS-100) Post Open or Endovascular Revascularization (STOP-PAD Trial)

Mehdi H. Shishehbor, DO, MPH, PhD; John Rundback, MD; Matthew Bunte, MD; Leslie Miller, MD; Parag Patel, MD; Saihari Sadanandan, MD; Michael Fitzgerald, Joseph Pastore, Vikram Kashyap, MD for the STOP-PAD Investigators



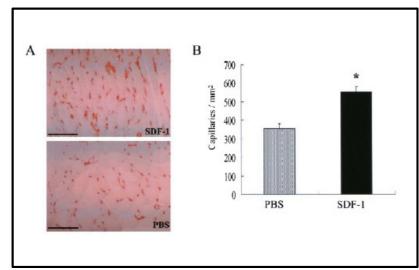
## Background – Critical Limb Ischemia

- After over 20 yrs of research we are left with bypass and angioplasty alone to treat this disease.
- However:
  - Only 20-30% of wounds heal within 3 months
  - Wounds are associated with:
    - Low quality of life
    - Depression
    - Increased health care cost
    - Amputations
    - Death



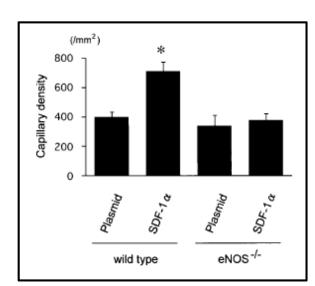


 JVS-100 is a non-viral DNA plasmid based therapy that encodes stromal cell-derived factor-1(SDF-1)



Yamaguchi, J. Circulation 2003;107:1322

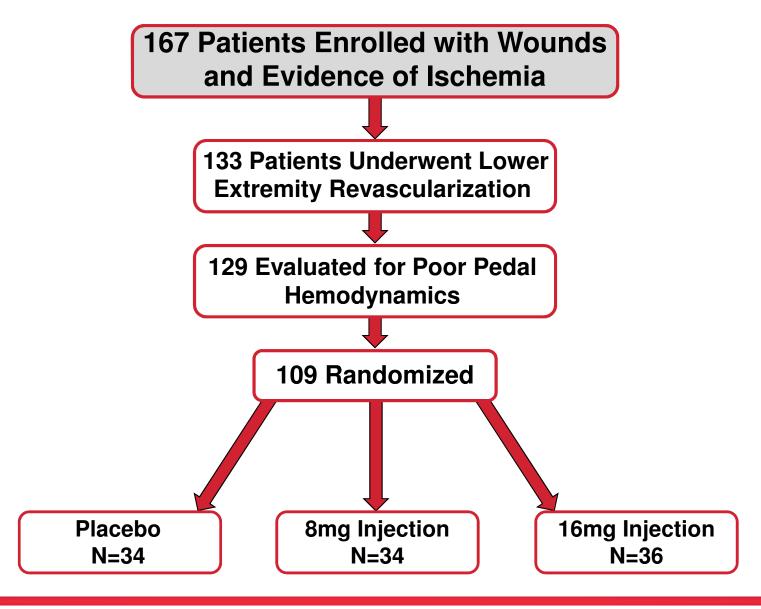
- SDF-1 through binding of the CXCR-4 receptor activates:
  - Endogenous regenerative repair pathways
  - Promotes new blood vessel growth
  - Prevents cell death
  - Causes remodeling of scar tissue



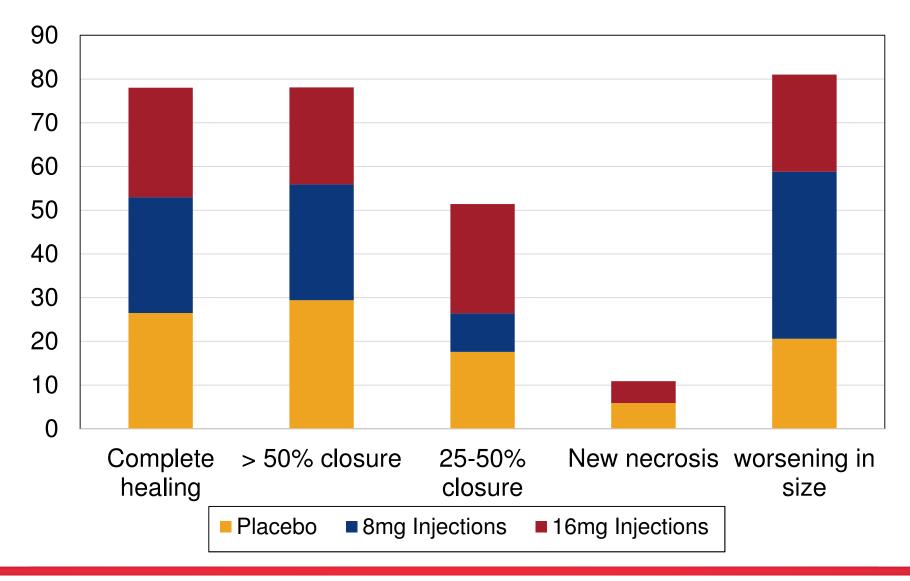
Hiasa, K. Circulation 2004;109:2454



### STOP-PAD Trial Design and Patient Disposition



# Primary Efficacy (P = 0.93)





### Conclusions

- Adjunctive injection of JVS-100 failed to impact wound healing or rates of MALE in patients with Rutherford class V and VI CLI
- Only 25% of wounds healed within 3 months despite advanced revascularization and rigorous follow-up
- A quarter of the wound actually got bigger over 3 months
- Will anxiously await 6 months results; however, future biologic therapies may require addressing multiple pathways