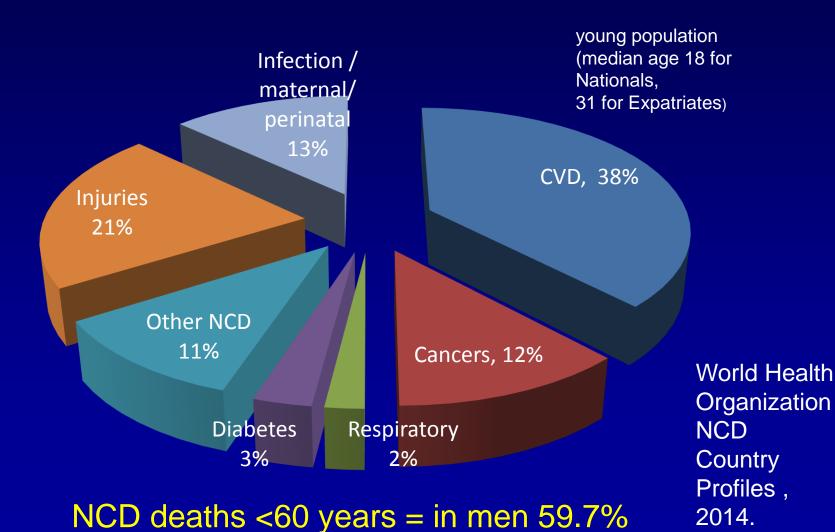
Cardiovascular Disease in the Middle East

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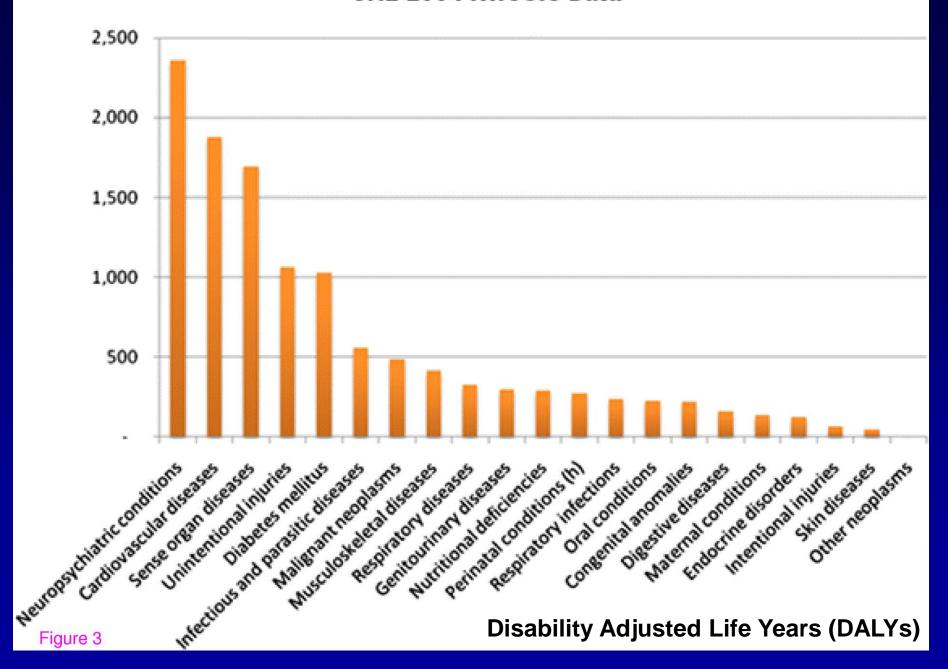
Agenda

- CVD & CVD Risk factors
- Primary prevention: Hypertension
- Secondary prevention.
- Challenges in prevention

NCDs are estimated to account for 67% of all deaths in UAE.



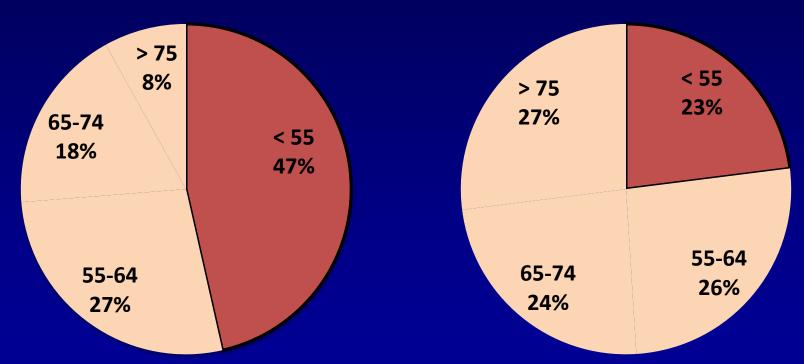
Age- Adjusted DALYs Rate per 100,000 population UAE-2004 WHOSIS Data



A Heart Attack Strikes Early

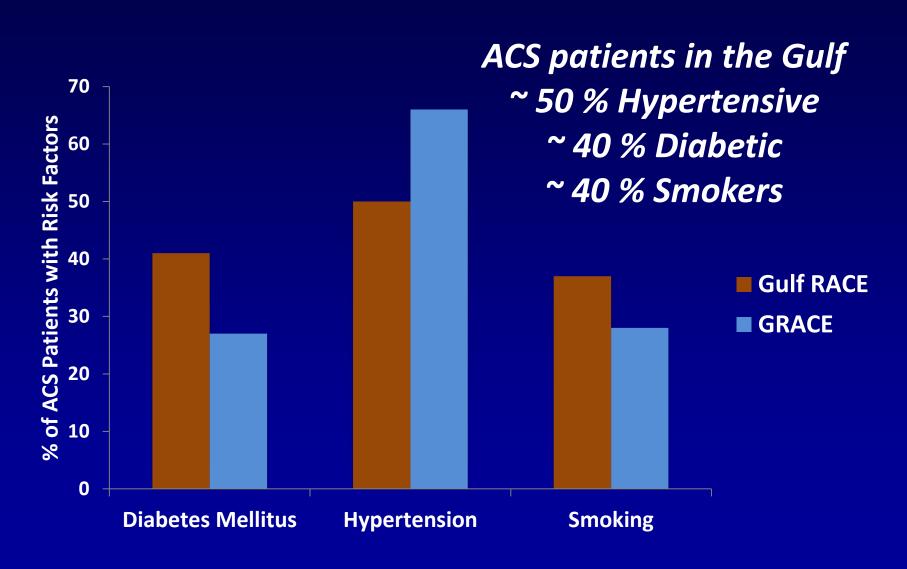
Typical ACS patient in the Gulf is ~ 10 years younger than her Western counterpart

Gulf RACE GRACE



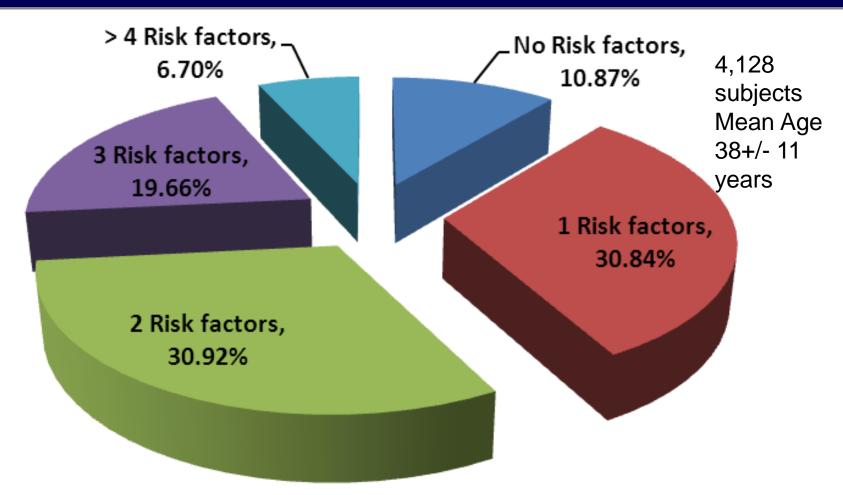
~ half of ACS patients in the Gulf are < 55 years old compared to ~ one quarter of ACS patients in the West

A Large Burden of Risk



Opportunistic screening for CVD RF

CVD RF: Smoking, Dyslipidemia, Hypertension, Diabetes, Obesity(by BMI or Abd.).



Yusufali A et al. Opportunistic Screening for CVD Risk Factors The Dubai Shopping for Cardiovascular Risk Study (DISCOVERY) GLOBAL HEART, 2015 VOL. 10, NO. 4, : 265-272.

Weqaya

A Population-Wide Cardiovascular Screening Program in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates

mean age was 36.82 years (SD=14.3) 50,138 above 18 years of age

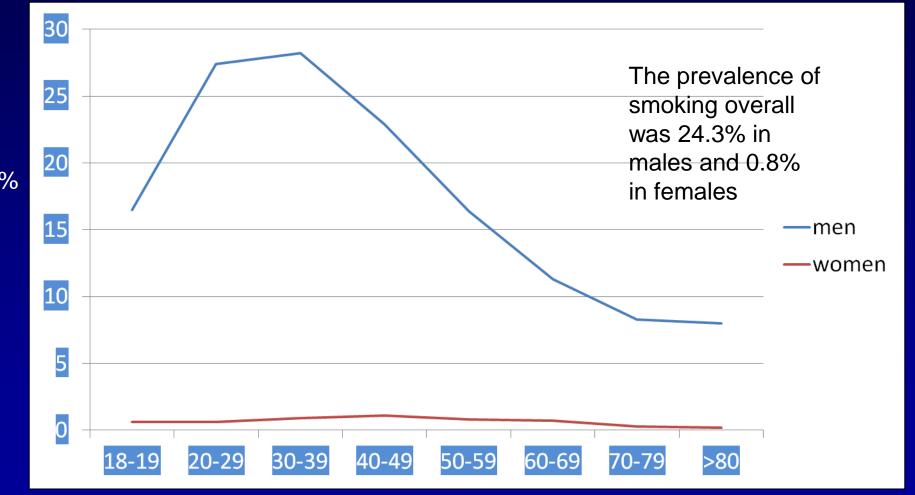
Hajat C, Harrison O: The Abu Dhabi Cardiovascular Program: the continuation of Framingham. *Prog Cardiovasc Dis* 2010, **53**(1):28–38.

Crude and Age-Standardized Cardiovascular Risk Factor Prevalence Rates in Wekaya

Risk Factor	Crude Prevalence Rate	Age-Standardized Rate
Obesity	35.4	41.1
Overweight	31.9	34.0
Central obesity	54.8	62.4
Dyslipidemia	44.2	50.7
Hypertension	23.1	29.2
Smoking	11.6	11.3
Prediabetes	27.1	29.5
Diabetes	17.6	24.6

Hajat C, Harrison O: **The Abu Dhabi Cardiovascular Program: the continuation of Framingham.** *Prog Cardiovasc Dis* 2010, **53**(1):28–38.

Smoking is most common among younger UAE national men



Characteristics of tobacco smokers by type of tobacco smoked

	Cigarettes	Midwakh Shisha		Cigar	
proportion of smokers (%)	77%	15%	7 %	1%	
mean age of onset	22	21	24	24	
mean age of smokers	33	30	31	35	

Al-Houqani M, Ali R, Hajat C (2012) Tobacco Smoking Using Midwakh Is an Emerging Health Problem – Evidence from a Large Cross-Sectional Survey in the United Arab Emirates. PLoS ONE 7(6): e39189. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0039189

WHO Global Schools Health Survey UAE 2005 and 2010

children aged 13–15 years of all nationalities

	2005	2010
Obesity rate (>95th Centile)	12%	14%
Overweight (>85 th Centile)	33%	43%

Prevalence of hypertension in UAE

	WEQAYA ¹	PURE ME ²	South Asian male ³	Hatta Hospital ⁴
Age standardized	29.2%	33%	34.2%	34.3%
Age specific				
18-29	10.2%		22.1%	12.0%
30-49	18.1%	18%	37.5%	20.1%
50-69	57.7%	50%	55.5%	72.2%
>70	54.8%	-	-	98.3%

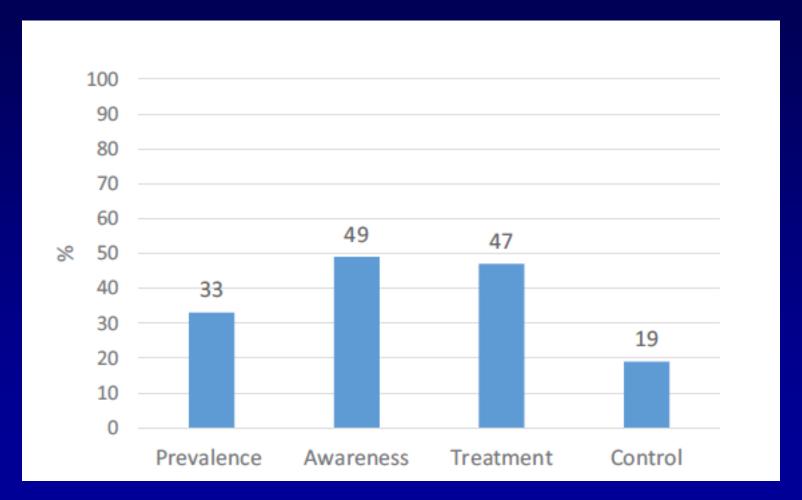
^{1.}Cother Hajat, et al. Weqaya: A Population-Wide Cardiovascular Screening Program in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates Am J Public Health. 012;102:909–914.

^{2.} Yusufali et al. 2017 *J Hypertens* DOI:10.1097/HJH.00000000001326

^{3.} Shah et al, BMC Cardiovascular Disorders (2015)15:30.

^{4.} Yusufali et al. J Hypertens. 2016;34 Suppl 1-ISH 2016 Abstract Book:e551

Age-standardized Hypertension prevalence, awareness, treatment and control in four Middle Eastern countries.



Yusufali et al .Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in four Middle East countries 2017 J Hypertens DOI:10.1097/HJH.000000000001326

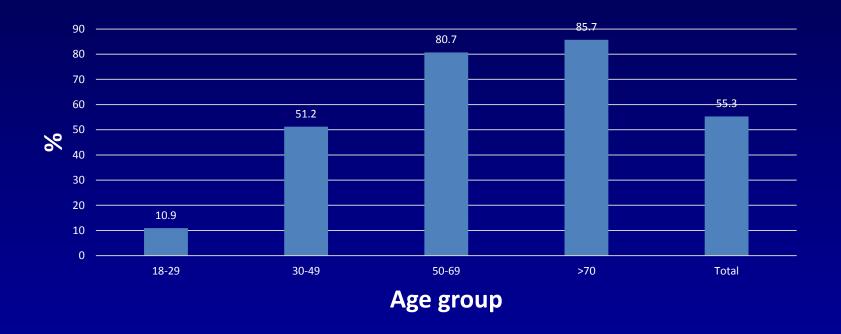
Hypertension prevalence, awareness, treatment and control in national surveys from England, the USA and Canada compared to Middle East.

	Prevalence	Aware	Treated	Controlled amongst Rx
England	30.0	65.3	51.3	27.3
Canada	19.5	83.4	79.9	65.8
USA	29.1	81.1	74.0	52.8
Middle East*	33	49	47	19

BMJ Open 2013;3: doi:10.1136

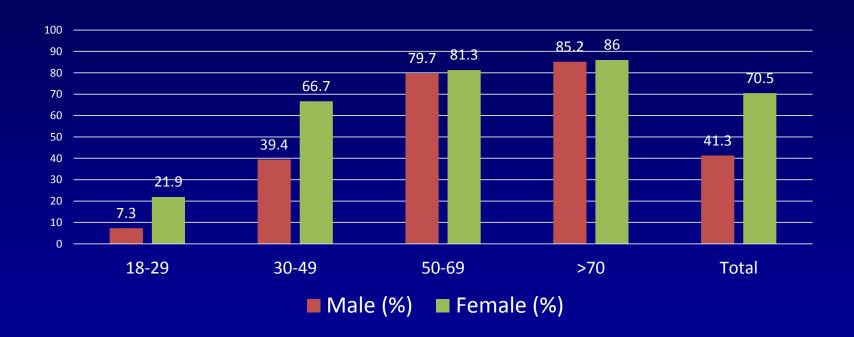
^{*}Yusufali et al .Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in four Middle East countries 2017 J Hypertens DOI:10.1097/HJH.000000000001326

% Hypertensive treated by age group



Yusufali et al. *J Hypertens*. 2016;34 Suppl 1-ISH 2016 Abstract Book:e551

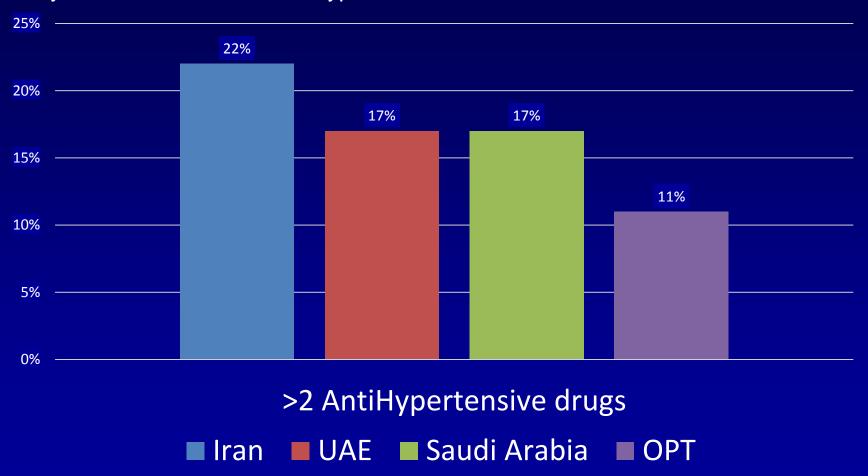
% Hypertensive treated by gender and age group



Yusufali et al. *J Hypertens*. 2016;34 Suppl 1-ISH 2016 Abstract Book:e551

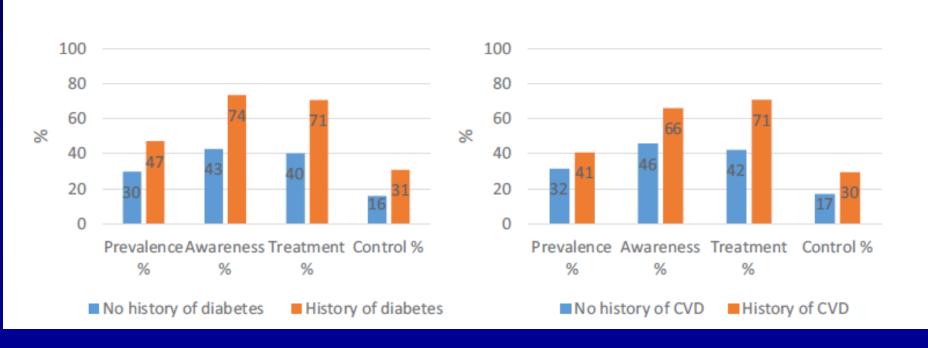
The use of two or more BP medications

Only 23% of those aware of hypertension were on stating



Yusufali et al .Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in four Middle East countries 2017 J Hypertens DOI:10.1097/HJH.000000000001326

Secondary prevention



Yusufali et al .Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in four Middle East countries 2017 J Hypertens DOI:10.1097/HJH.000000000001326

Cardiovascular drug use after AMI in Abu Dhabi and Sweden

	Abu Dhabi, crude N=1333		Abu Dhabi, standardized		Sweden, crude N=19312		Sweden, standardized	
	Month 0-3	Month 10-12	Month 0-3	Month 10-12	Month 0-4	Month 10-12	Month 0-4	Month 10-12
Antihypertensive %	75	38	75	36	87	74	90	78
ACE-I/ARB, %	56	28	56	28	64	51	68	55
Beta-blockers, %	65	29	64	28	78	60	83	65
Lipid-lowering, %	72	35	72	34	69	57	82	69
Platelet inhibitors, %	76	35	76	34	84	68	89	76

Harrison, O, Al Jaberi, K A, Hassan, E S, Wettermark, B, Gjurovic, A M, Engström, G. (2013). Utilization of prophylactic drug therapy after acute myocardial infarction in Abu Dhabi and Sweden. *Journal of the Saudi Heart Association*, *25*(2), 130.

Challenges in prevention

- Young population with large amount of risk factors and premature mortality and morbidity.
- Monitoring the "risk factors, awareness, treatment and control rates" nationally.
- Screening and treatment especially in the young and men.
- Systems for screening and treatments need to incorporate innovation & best practices.
- We as cardiologist/scientific societies have an important role to play.

Thank you

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