

Incorporating the Principles of Reporting Milestones and Progressive Entrustment in the Monthly Rotation Evaluation Tools in Cardiology Fellowship Training

Chittur A. Sivaram MD FACC, Faisal Latif MD FACC and Candice Edwards

<u>Cardiovascular Section- Department of Medicine</u> <u>University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center, Oklahoma City, OK</u>

Study Objectives

Currently ACGME requires submission of data on Reporting Milestones twice each year from all Graduate Medical Education training programs. American College of Cardiology (ACC) published a comprehensive standards for Cardiovascular Fellowship Training in 2015- the Core Cardiology Training Statement or the COCATS 4 documents (1).

Training program directors, Clinical Competency
Committees (CCC) and program coordinators
would benefit from a practical, composite and
compact tool that would help in ascertaining
compliance with both ACGME reporting and
COCATS 4 training standards. We attempted to
adopt the ACC Milestones Mapping Tools and
create a composite evaluation tool for each rotation
within cardiovascular fellowship training in order
to clearly define both to the faulty and the fellows
those specific skills and milestones required for
each rotation, using the six core competency
domains. Our goal was to provide the necessary
clarity to both the evaluating faculty as well as the
fellows during each rotation assignment.

NEW* Cardiology Fellow Eval Evaluator: Evaluation of: Date:											
Medical Knowledge											
-	Critical Deficiences		Early Learner	Advancing/ Improving		, <u> </u>	Ready for unsupervised practice		Aspirational Understands subtle rusence in interpreting test results. Pursues knowindge of erenging techniques in caffeler zation laboratory.		
	Has mentary numerically numerically numerically numerically normal and valve anatomy, and emoty name of the numerical num		Recognizes normal coronary LV function, and hemodynamics. Requires assistance with interpretation and clinical modern coronary, vertnouncy, vertnouncy, and hemodynamic pathology.		Correctly identifies and understands chical understands chical enderstands of common coronary, ventrouer, and hemodynamic abnormalities assistance with performance, riderpretation, and chical management of complex disease.		ds ent n r, smic les. ce, ion, il ent c	Corasistantly understands anatomical anatomical and hismodynamic findings for a wide spectrum of cardiac problems. Appropriately apples this riformation to the clinical management of the patient.			
	△ Collapse △										
Knowledge of diagnostic testing and procedures.*				1							
Comments	Comments:										

References

- 1. J Am Coll Cardiol 2015:65:1721-1914
- 2. ACGME IM Subspecialty Reporting Milestones 2014

Methods

We created a 4 page evaluation tool for each rotation (n=13) divided into 6 segments (six core ACGME competencies).

Each core competency segment further described selected associated ACGME Reporting Milestones' sub-competencies, as well narrative descriptions of attitudes, skills and milestones pertaining to different entrustment levels (critical deficiencies to aspirational). (See graphic).

These were published on our residency management platform-MedHub in July 2015. Faculty and fellows were notified of the new format of the evaluation tool in July 2015. Faculty development and additional instruction is planned in the near future through Cardiology Grand Rounds.

Potential benefits of the new approach

- Clear delineation of knowledge, skills and attitudes defining various levels of entrustment for each rotation
- Both evaluating faculty and fellows are made aware of the components of the various entrustment levels for each rotation
- Continuous data collection on fellow performance
- Improved tracking, trending and comparison opportunities
- Outcomes assessment regarding the change are still ongoing (planned at the end of first year)