Defining Statin Associated Adverse Effects

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Potential Conflicts of Interest

- · Research Support: Esperion, Amgen.
- Consultant: Amgen, Regeneron, Esperion, Amarin
- · Speaker Honoraria: Amgen, Amarin, Boehringer
- Stock Shareholder: Abbvie, Abbott Labs, J&J; General Electric, Medtronic, Serapta, Myocardia, CVS, Moderna



JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY
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PUBLISHED BY ELSEVIER

VOL. 67, NO. 20, 2016

ISSN 0735-1097/\$36.00

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2016.02.071

THE PRESENT AND FUTURE

STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW

Statin-Associated Side Effects



Paul D. Thompson, MD, a Gregory Panza, MS, a,b Amanda Zaleski, MS, a,b Beth Taylor, РнD a,b

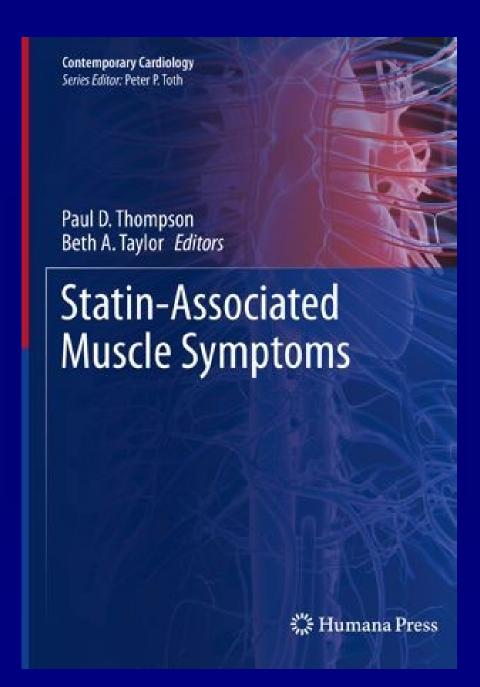
VIEWPOINT

What to Believe and Do About Statin-Associated Adverse Effects

Paul D. Thompson, MD Hartford Healthcare Heart & Vascular Institute, Hartford Hospital, Hartford, Connecticut. Statins prevent cardiac death and reduce the incidence of acute coronary syndrome, stroke, and venous thromboembolic disease. Patients who take less than 80% of their statin dose have a 45% relative increase in total mortality compared with more adherent pa-

muscle cramps, or weakness with little or no increase in CK levels. Collins et al² reviewed the possible adverse effects found in RCTs of statin therapy and concluded that statin-associated muscle symptoms without marked CK elevations do not exist or are extremely rare because they are

JAMA November 15, 2016 Volume 316, Number 19



Statin-Associated Side Effects

Paul D. Thompson, MD, a Gregory Panza, MS, a,b Amanda Zaleski, MS, a,b Beth Taylor, PнDa,b

- Statin Associated Muscle Symptoms (SAMS) Including Statin - Induced Necrotizing Auto - Immune Myopathy
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Central Nervous System Effects (Sleep, Depression)
- Elevated LFTs
- Decreased Renal Function
- Tendon Rupture
- Hemorrhagic Stroke
- Interstitial Lung Disease
- Lower Testosterone Levels

Statin-Associated Side Effects

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Definition of Statin Associated Muscle Symptoms (SAMS) – Rhabdomyolysis

- For Clinical Trials Rhabdomyolysis Muscle Sx with CK > 10 Times UNL
- For Practice Renal Injury Can Occur at Much Lower CKs Depending on Multiple Factors

Definition of Statin Associated Muscle Symptoms (SAMS)

Statin-Associated Autoimmune Myopathy

Andrew L. Mammen, M.D., Ph.D.

NEJM 2016

Statin-Associated Autoimmune Myopathy

Andrew L. Mammen, M.D., Ph.D.

- Muscle Weakness
- Markedly Elevated Creatine Kinase
- UN Responsive To Statin Cessation
- Presence of HMG Co A Reductase Antibodies

Statin Myalgia – Research Definition

- Unable To Tolerate 1, 2, or 3 Statins
- At Least 1 At The Lowest Approved Dose

Is There A Better Research Definition



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Atherosclerosis





A randomized trial of coenzyme Q10 in patients with confirmed Statin Myopathy



Beth A. Taylor a, b, c, *, Lindsay Lorson a, C. Michael White a, c, Paul D. Thompson a, c



Run-In: Initial – Placebo for 8 Weeks or Until Symptoms for 1 Week

4 week washout

Run-In: Initial - Placebo

Run-In: Initial – Simvastatin

4 week washout

100 Subjects
Baseline Muscle Performance, Accelerometer, Pain Questionnaire
Randomization to Treatment: Placebo or 600 mg CoQ10

2 Week Loading

Weekly phone calls: Pain
Questionnaires used to assess muscle symptoms and document myalgia

Simvastatin 20mg + Placebo (N=50)

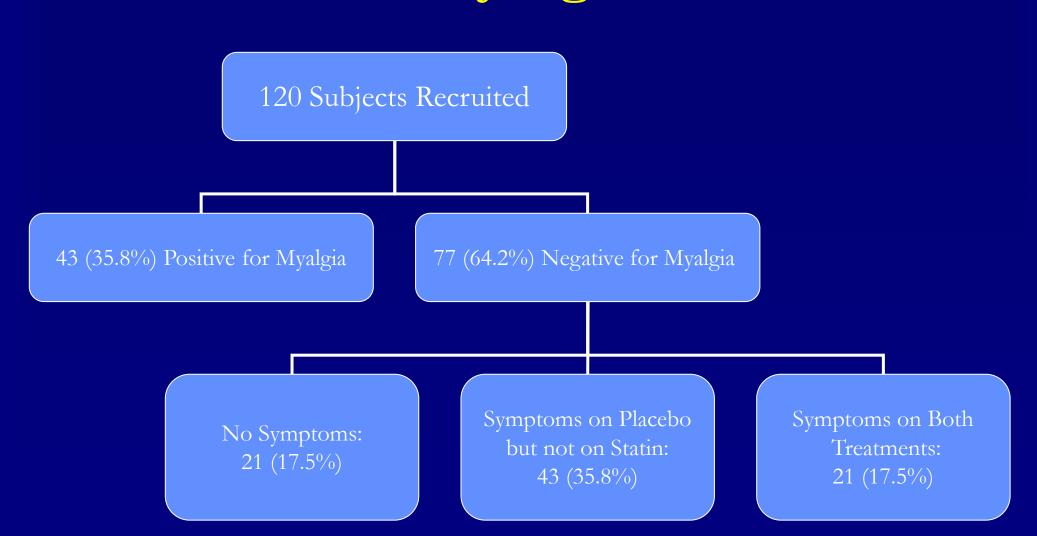
Simvastatin 20mg + CoQ10 600 mg (N=50)

At 8 Weeks



Subset of Patients: Crossover

Few Met the Definition of Myalgia



Statin Myalgia – Clinical Definition

- Discomfort, Pain, "Weakness"
- Appears During Statin Therapy
- Disappears (Promptly) With Statin Cessation
- Reappears With Statin Reinitiation
- With / Without CK Elevation

There Are Clinical Scoring Formula

Journal of Clinical Lipidology (2014) 8, S58-S71

Journal of Clinical Lipidology

Original Contribution

An assessment by the Statin Muscle Safety Task Force: 2014 update

Robert S. Rosenson, MD, FNLA*, Steven K. Baker, MSc, MD, FRCP(C), Terry A. Jacobson, MD, FNLA, Stephen L. Kopecky, MD, Beth A. Parker, PhD

able 2 Proposed statin myalgia clinical index score	
linical symptoms (new or increased unexplained muscle ymptoms)	
egional distribution/pattern	
Symmetric rip flexors/thigh aches	3
Symmetric calf aches	2
Symmetric upper proximal aches	2
Won-specific asymmetric, intermittent	1
emporal pattern	
Symptoms onset <4 weeks	3
Symptoms onset <4 weeks	3
Symptoms onset 4–12 weeks	2
Symptoms onset >12 weeks	1
echallenge	
Improves upon withdrawal (<2 weeks)	2
Improves upon withdrawal (2–4 weeks)	1
Does not improve upon withdrawal (>4 weeks)	0
hallenge	
Same symptoms reoccur upon rechallenge <4 weeks	3
Same symptoms reoccur upon rechattenge	1
4-12 weeks	
tatin myalgia clinical index score	
Probable	-11
Possible	8
Unlikely	<7

Do SAS Even Exist?

From: Jane Armitage [mailto:jane.armitage@ctsu.ox.ac.uk]

Sent: Thursday, July 16, 2015 1:30 PM

To: Thompson, Paul

.... I'm afraid we will just have to agree to differ on these points! But I'm sorry that you find it so difficult to believe the mass of randomized data showing no significant adverse muscle effects and your own data which support this lack of effect. I certainly agree that lots of people attribute their muscle symptoms to statins (often having been warned that statins might cause such symptoms) but this is exactly the problem with using nonblinded observational evidence to draw conclusions about causality.

Why No Muscle Symptoms in Randomized Clinical Trials ???

1012 manuscripts identified by PubMed Ovid and Google Scholar search combined



169 trials left after removal of duplicates, editorials, reviews, observation studies, and case series



42 trials left after removal of non-randomised trials, studies with inadequate follow-up (<6 months), and without placebo

Figure 1: Search methodology and selection of studies

Ganga, Slim, Thompson. Am H J (2014)

A Systematic Review of Statin-Induced Muscle Problems in Clinical Trials

4 Reported Average CK
26 Reported Muscle Problems
Only 1 Queried For Muscle Problems

Don't Ask....Don't Tell

But The Data Are Changing

Circulation

Volume 138, Issue 15, 9 October 2018, Pages 1499-1501 https://doi.org/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.118.036846



ON MY MIND

Trust the Blinded Randomized Evidence That Statin Therapy Rarely Causes Symptomatic Side Effects

Richard Peto, FRS and Rory Collins, FRS

• HPS – Run-in: 1 mo Placebo 1 mo Statin – Excess Myalgia of 1% Year #1

Circulation

Volume 138, Issue 15, 9 October 2018, Pages 1499-1501 https://doi.org/10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.118.036846



ON MY MIND

Trust the Blinded Randomized Evidence That Statin Therapy Rarely Causes Symptomatic Side Effects

Richard Peto, FRS and Rory Collins, FRS

- SEARCH Run-In: Statin 1 mo
- Muscle Symptoms: 43.5 vs 41.6%
- So Only A Small Increase Without CK
- 9 RCTs no Run-In -5.2 vs 4.8% p=0.002

The STOMP Study The Effect of STatins On Skeletal Muscle Performance NHLBI (NIH): R01HL081893





Effect of Statins on Skeletal Muscle Function

Beth A. Parker, Jeffrey A. Capizzi, Adam S. Grimaldi, Priscilla M. Clarkson, Stephanie M. Cole, Justin Keadle, Stuart Chipkin, Linda S. Pescatello, Kathleen Simpson, C. Michael White and Paul D. Thompson

Circulation. 2013;127:96-103; originally published online November 26, 2012;

Experimental Design

- Subjects (n=440)
 - Men and women
 - > 20 yr
 - No prior statin use



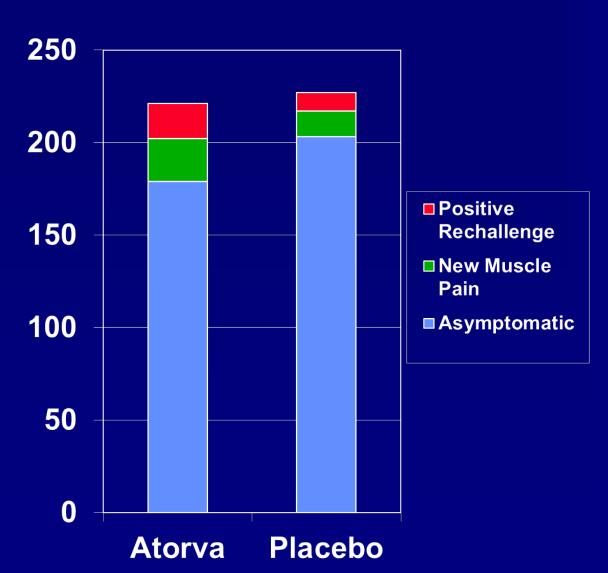
- Design
 - Randomized, double blind
 - 80 mg dose of Atorva or placebo for six months
- Muscle function
 - Handgrip strength
 - Elbow flexor/extensor
 - Knee flexor/extensor
- Aerobic performance (VO₂Max)
- Physical activity (accelerometer)
- Muscle symptoms

Study Definition of Statin-Related Myopathy

- 1. They report new or increased myalgia, cramps, or muscle aching,
- 2. These symptoms have persisted for at least 2 weeks,
- 3. The symptoms resolve within 2 weeks of stopping the study drug, and
- 4. The symptoms reoccur within 4 weeks of restarting the medication

STOMP Myalgia Results

23 Atorva & 14 Placebo Developed Pain $X^2=3.16$; p = 0.08 19 Atorva & 10 Placebo Met Myalgia Definition $X^2=3.74$; p = 0.05



Actually...p=0.054

BUT

Young Subjects (51 yrs)

Totally Healthy

Followed For Only 6 Months

But The Definitions of "Statin Intolerance" or "SAES" Don't Really Matter

"The Customer is Always Right"

Harry Gordon Selfridge (1858 – 1947) Selfridge Department Store

London England

Do Statins Cause Diabetes?

Yes

Cardiovascular benefits and diabetes risks of statin therapy in primary prevention: an analysis from the JUPITER trial

Paul M Ridker, Aruna Pradhan, Jean G MacFadyen, Peter Libby, Robert J Glynn

- · Jupiter Trial 20 of Rosuva v. Placebo
- CRP > 2....in 17,603 Subjects
- · New Diabetics: 270 v 216....54 More New Diabetics
- But...39% < CV Events, 36% < VTE, 18% < Deaths !!!!
- 134 < CV Events vs 54 New Diabetics in 17,603 Subjects
- If No DM Risk Factors, No New Diabetes

Lancet 380: 565, 2012

But All Cholesterol Reduction May Cause Diabetes

Original Investigation

Association Between Familial Hypercholesterolemia and Prevalence of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus

Joost Besseling, MD; John J. P. Kastelein, MD, PhD; Joep C. Defesche, PhD; Barbara A. Hutten, PhD, MSc; G. Kees Hovingh, MD, PhD

- 63,320 Dutch Individuals Genetic Testing
- Prevalence of Diabetes
- By Type of Genetic Defect

Table 2. Associations Between the Presence of Type 2 Diabetes and Familial Hypercholesterolemia Prevalence of Type 2 Diabetes Familial Hypercholesterolemia **Unaffected Relatives** No. /Total % (95% CI) No. /Total % (95% CI) OR (95% CI) Overall comparison 1.75 (1.59-1.91) 2.93 (2.76-3.10) Unadjusted 440/25 137 1119/38 183 0.62 (0.55-0.69)^a Adjusted^b 177/12 300° 1.44 (1.22-1.69) 812/24 898c 3.26 (3.04-3.48) 0.49 (0.42-0.58)^a 0.67 (0.61-0.73)d Affected gene No mutation 812/24 898° 3.26 (3.04-3.48) 1 [Reference] **APOB** Unadjusted 84/2125° 2.42 (1.91-2.93) Adjusted^b 1.91 (1.44-2.52) 0.65 (0.48-0.87) 41/2125^c LDLR Unadjusted 353/10 126c 1.63 (1.46-1.80) Adjusted^b 0.45 (0.38-0.54)^a 135/10 126^c 1.33 (1.12-1.57) Type of LDLR mutation $0.58(0.51-0.66)^{d}$ 3.26 (3.04-3.48) 1 [Reference] None 812/24 898° Receptor-defective 1.80 (1.57-2.03) Unadjusted 226/6320c Adjusted^b 0.49 (0.40-0.60)^a 91/6320° 1.44 (1.18-1.75) Receptor-negative Unadjusted 127/3806^c 1.41 (1.16-1.65) Adjusted^b 0.38 (0.29-0.49)^a 1.12 (0.88-1.43) 43/3806°

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