

SOLOIST SCORED

Benefits of **SGLT1/2** Inhibition with **Sotagliflozin** in Heart Failure With Preserved Ejection Fraction

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on Behalf of the **SOLOIST-WHF** and **SCORED** Investigators



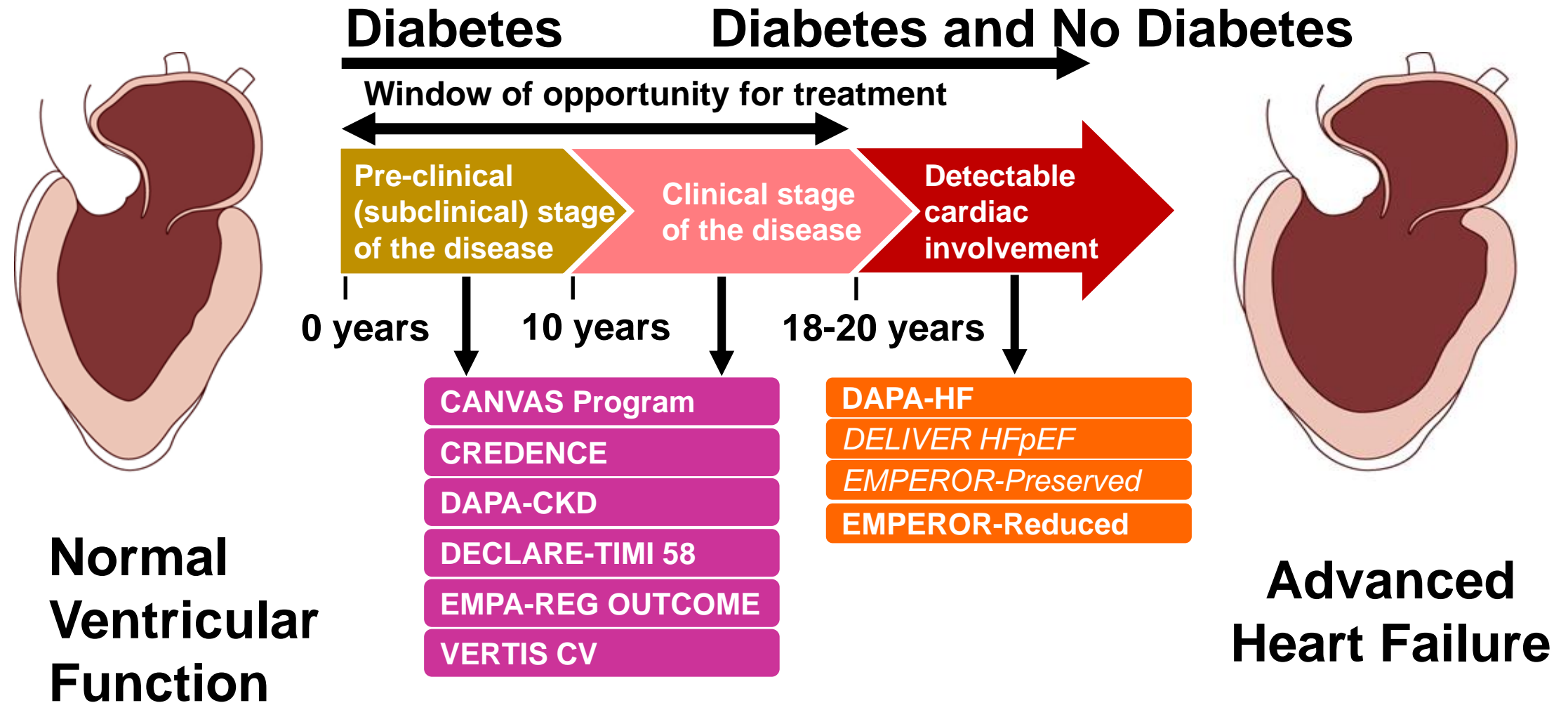
Disclosures

Dr. Deepak L. Bhatt discloses the following relationships - Advisory Board: Cardax, CellProthera, Cereno Scientific, Elsevier Practice Update Cardiology, Janssen, Level Ex, Medscape Cardiology, MyoKardia, Novo Nordisk, PhaseBio, PLx Pharma, Regado Biosciences; Board of Directors: Boston VA Research Institute, Society of Cardiovascular Patient Care, TobeSoft; Chair: American Heart Association Quality Oversight Committee; Data Monitoring Committees: Baim Institute for Clinical Research (formerly Harvard Clinical Research Institute, for the PORTICO trial, funded by St. Jude Medical, now Abbott), Cleveland Clinic (including for the ExCEED trial, funded by Edwards), Contego Medical (Chair, PERFORMANCE 2), Duke Clinical Research Institute, Mayo Clinic, Mount Sinai School of Medicine (for the ENVISAGE trial, funded by Daiichi Sankyo), Population Health Research Institute; Honoraria: American College of Cardiology (Senior Associate Editor, Clinical Trials and News, ACC.org; Vice-Chair, ACC Accreditation Committee), Baim Institute for Clinical Research (formerly Harvard Clinical Research Institute; RE-DUAL PCI clinical trial steering committee funded by Boehringer Ingelheim; AEGIS-II executive committee funded by CSL Behring), Belvoir Publications (Editor in Chief, Harvard Heart Letter), Canadian Medical and Surgical Knowledge Translation Research Group (clinical trial steering committees), Duke Clinical Research Institute (clinical trial steering committees, including for the PRONOUNCE trial, funded by Ferring Pharmaceuticals), HMP Global (Editor in Chief, Journal of Invasive Cardiology), Journal of the American College of Cardiology (Guest Editor; Associate Editor), K2P (Co-Chair, interdisciplinary curriculum), Level Ex, Medtelligence/ReachMD (CME steering committees), MJH Life Sciences, Population Health Research Institute (for the COMPASS operations committee, publications committee, steering committee, and USA national co-leader, funded by Bayer), Slack Publications (Chief Medical Editor, Cardiology Today's Intervention), Society of Cardiovascular Patient Care (Secretary/Treasurer), WebMD (CME steering committees); Other: Clinical Cardiology (Deputy Editor), NCDR-ACTION Registry Steering Committee (Chair), VA CART Research and Publications Committee (Chair); **Research Funding:** Abbott, Afimmune, Amarin, Amgen, AstraZeneca, Bayer, Boehringer Ingelheim, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Cardax, Chiesi, CSL Behring, Eisai, Ethicon, Ferring Pharmaceuticals, Forest Laboratories, Fractyl, HLS Therapeutics, Idorsia, Ironwood, Ischemix, Janssen, **Lexicon**, Lilly, Medtronic, MyoKardia, Novo Nordisk, Owkin, Pfizer, PhaseBio, PLx Pharma, Regeneron, Roche, **Sanofi**, Synaptic, The Medicines Company; Royalties: Elsevier (Editor, Cardiovascular Intervention: A Companion to Braunwald's Heart Disease); Site Co-Investigator: Abbott, Biotronik, Boston Scientific, CSI, St. Jude Medical (now Abbott), Svelte; Trustee: American College of Cardiology; Unfunded Research: FlowCo, Merck, Takeda.

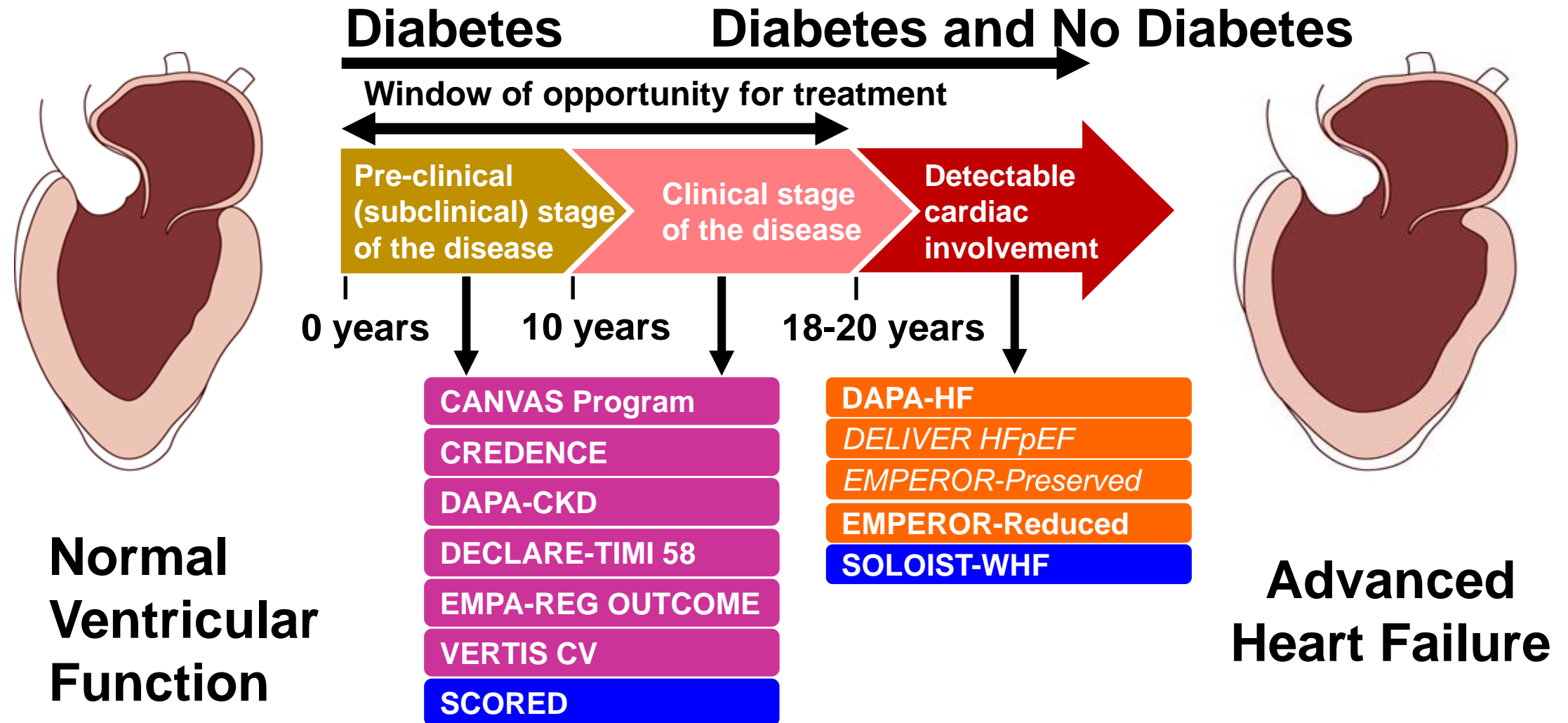
SOLOIST-WHF and **SCORED** were initially sponsored by Sanofi and then by Lexicon.

This presentation includes off-label and investigational uses of drugs.

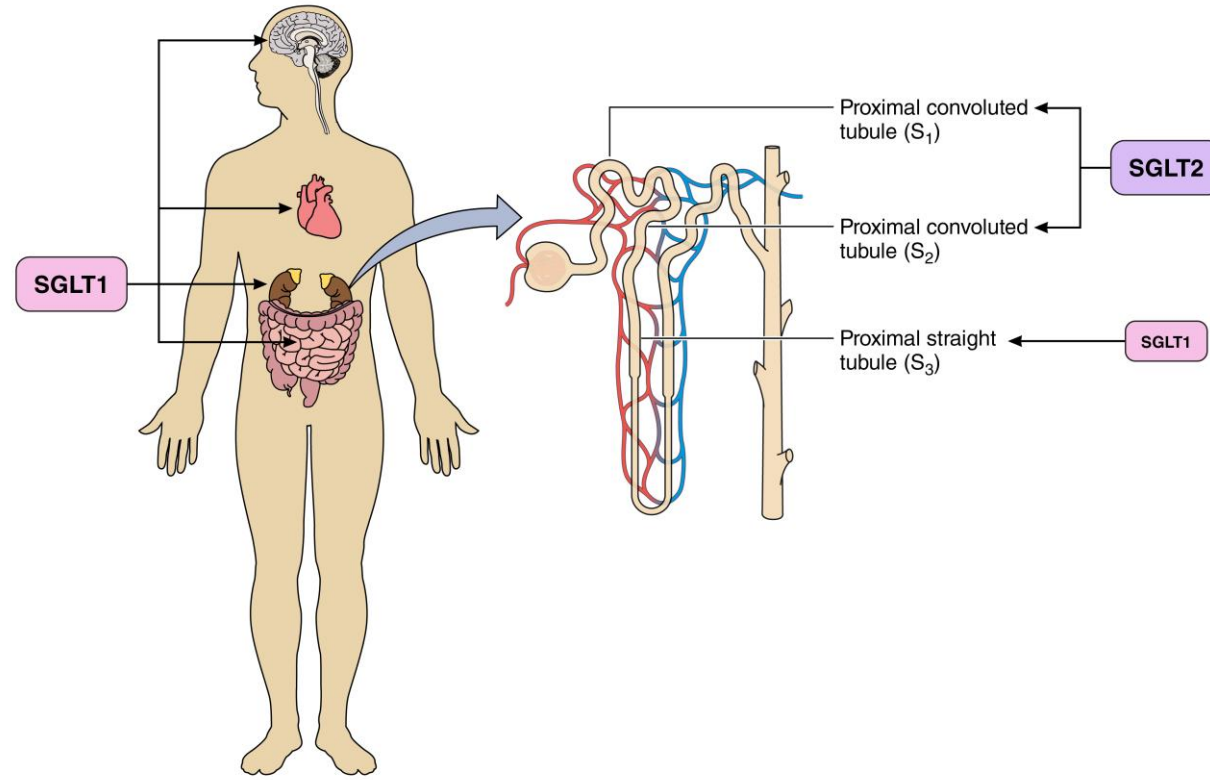
The Evolution of **SGLT2i** in HF Management



The Evolution of **SGLT2i** in HF Management

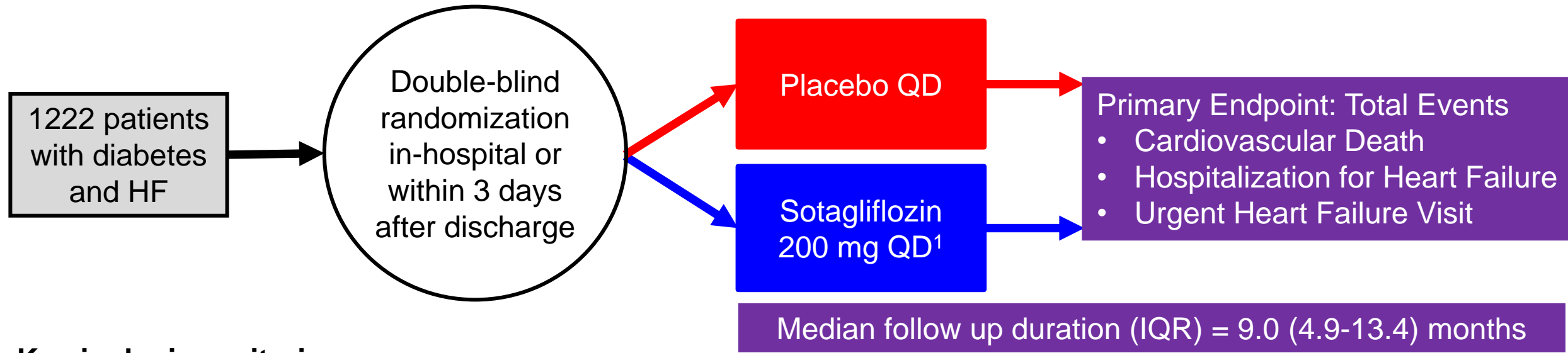


Sotagliflozin: Dual SGLT1 and SGLT2 Inhibitor



- **SGLT1** is the primary transporter for absorption of glucose and galactose in the GI tract
- Pharmacologic inhibition by sotagliflozin is independent of insulin and does not depend on kidney function
- Potential reduction in atherosclerotic risks
- **SGLT2** is expressed in the kidney, where it reabsorbs 90% of filtered glucose
- Pharmacologic inhibition by sotagliflozin is independent of insulin but requires kidney function

SOLOIST-WHF Trial Design



Key inclusion criteria:

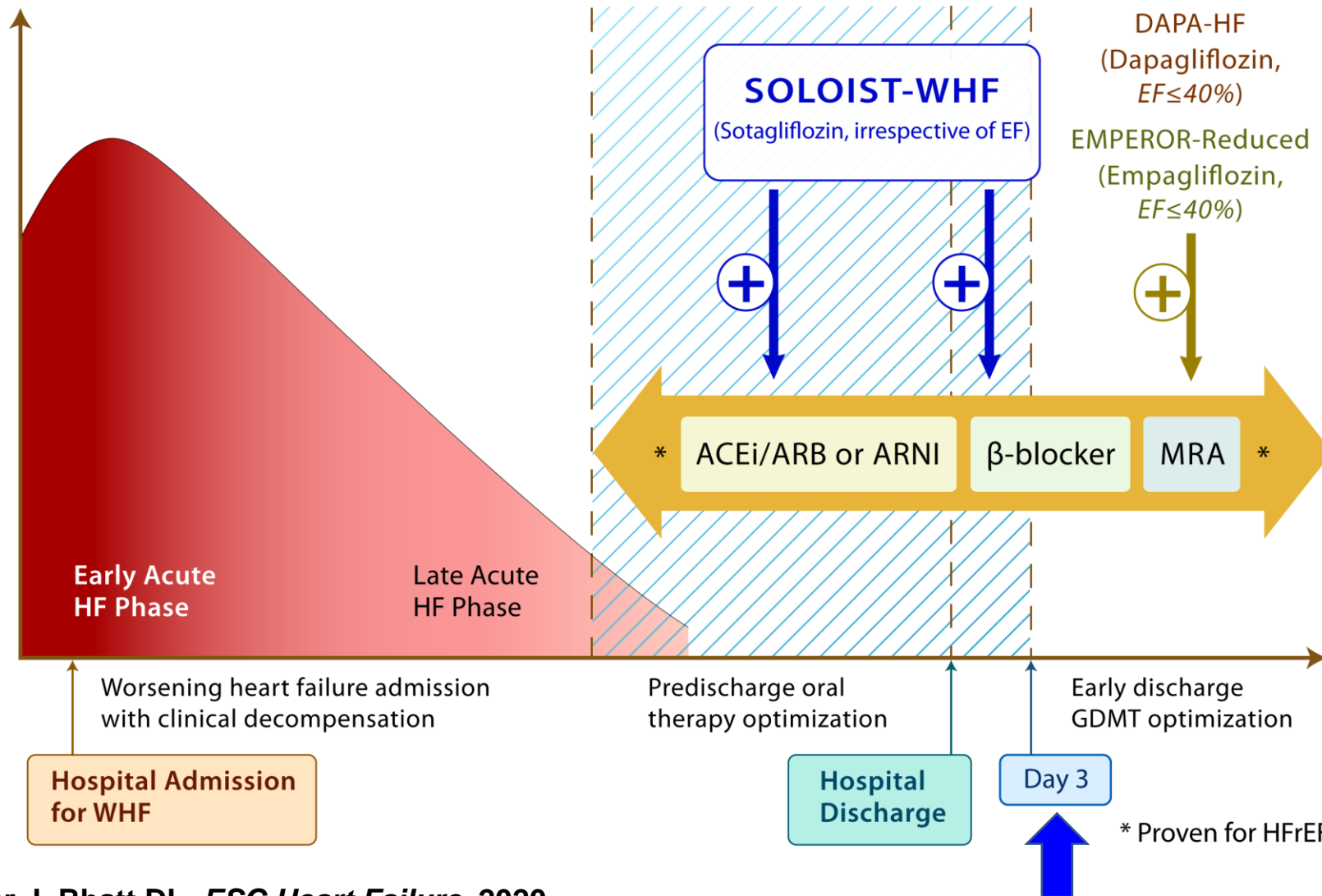
- Admission with signs and symptoms of HF
- Treatment with intravenous diuretics
- Stabilized, off oxygen, transitioning to oral diuretics
- BNP ≥ 150 pg/mL (≥ 450 pg/mL if afib) or NT-proBNP ≥ 600 pg/mL (≥ 1800 pg/mL if afib)
- Type 2 diabetes

Key exclusion criteria:

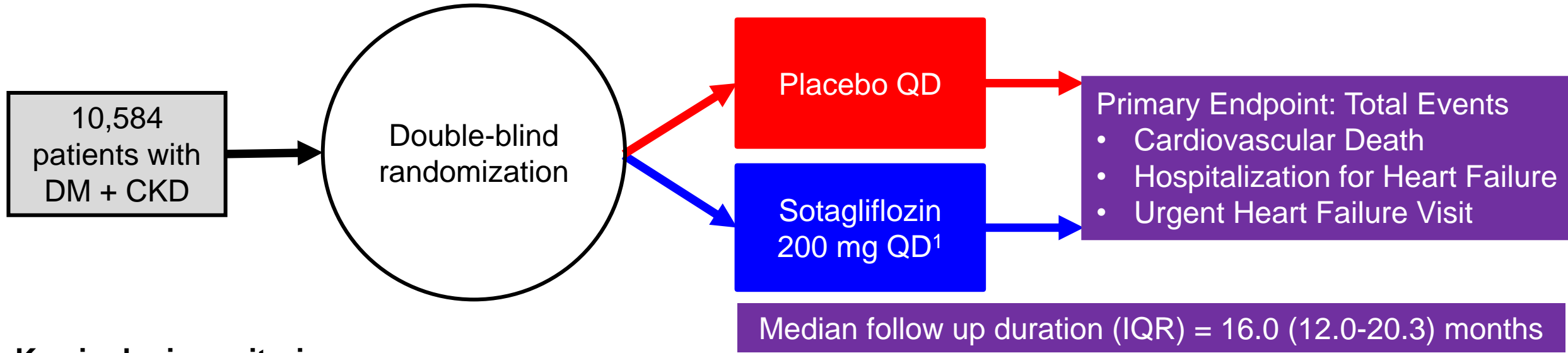
- End-stage HF
- Recent ACS, stroke, PCI, or CABG
- eGFR < 30 mL/min/1.73m²

¹Goal of dose increase to 400 mg QD

SOLOIST-WHF: Addressing the Vulnerable Period of an Admission for Worsening Heart Failure



SCORED Trial Design



Key inclusion criteria:

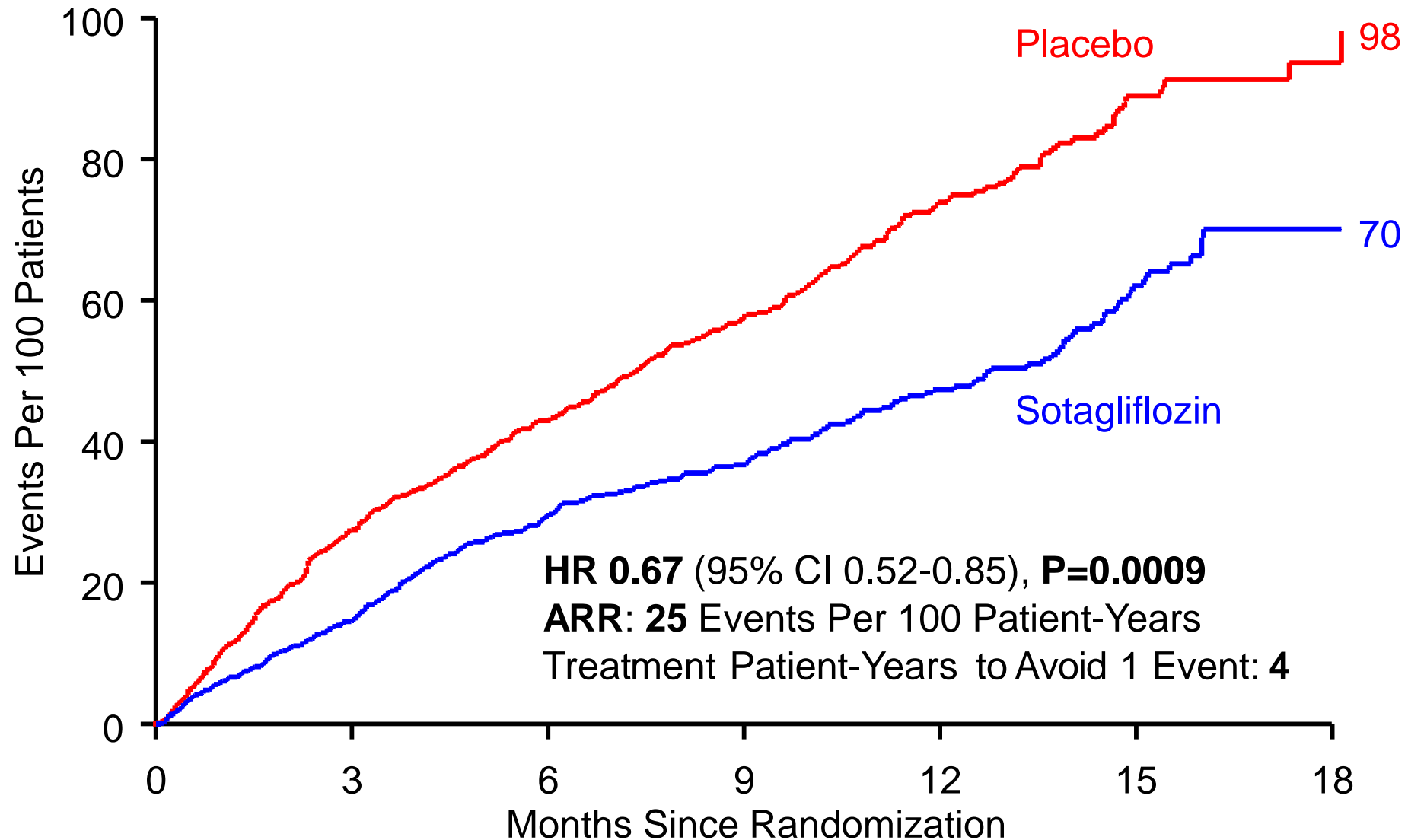
- Type 2 diabetes with HbA1c $\geq 7\%$
- eGFR 25-60 mL/min/1.73m²
 - with no requirement for macro- or micro-albuminuria
- CV risk factors

Key exclusion criteria:

- Planned start of SGLT2 inhibitor

¹Goal of dose increase to 400 mg QD

Primary Efficacy: Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit



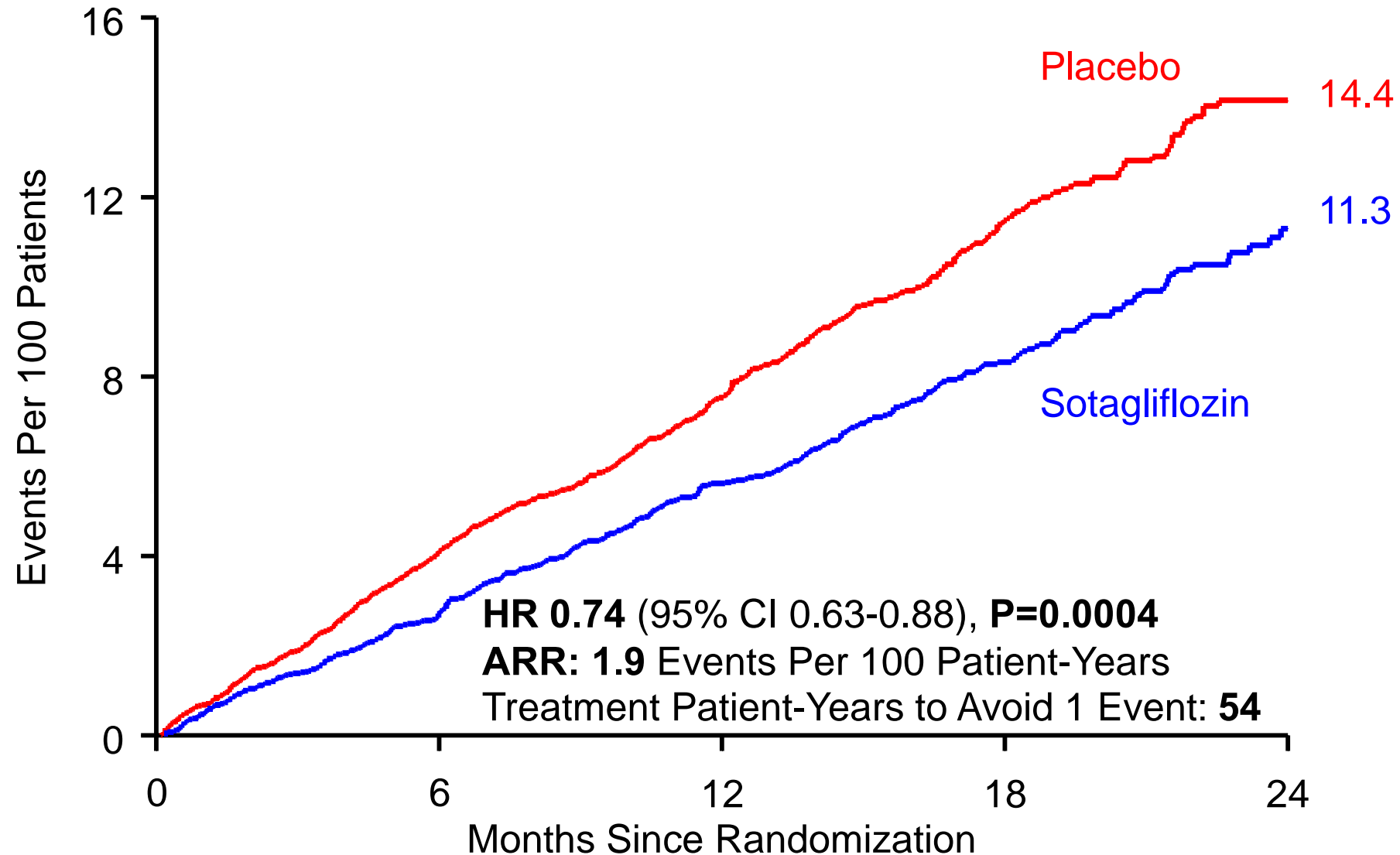
Days Alive Out of Hospital (DAOH) (Poisson regression)

	Sotagliflozin (N=608)	Placebo (N=614)		
	Rate per 100 p-y		RR (95% CI)	P value
DAOH	91.8 years	88.9 years	1.03 (1.00, 1.06)	0.027
Days dead	6.3 years	8.9 years	0.71 (0.52, 0.99)	0.041
Days in hospital	1.9 years	2.2 years	0.86 (0.69, 1.08)	0.21

CI, confidence interval; DAOH, days alive and out of hospital; p-y, patient-years; RR, rate ratio; SD, standard deviation.

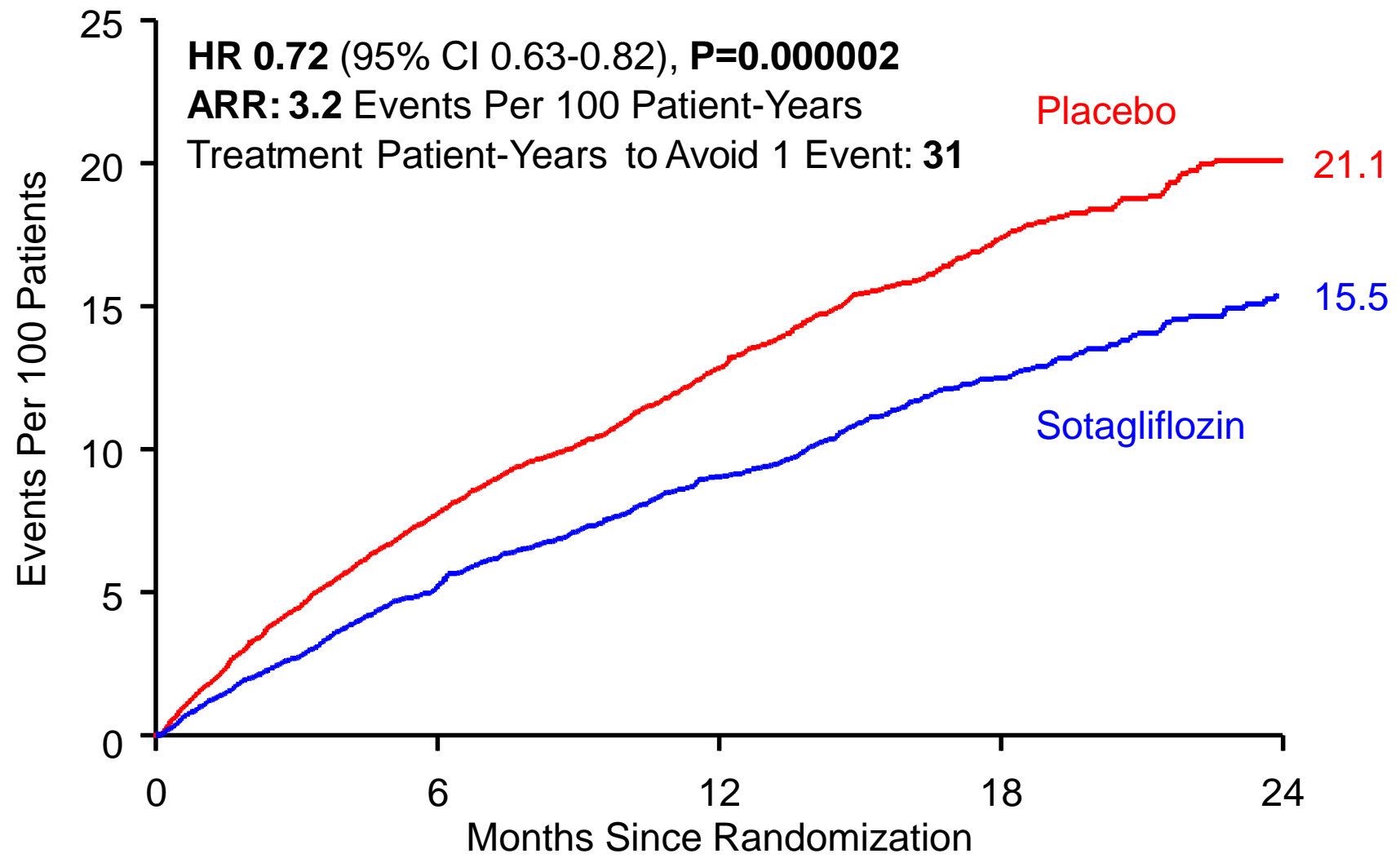
For every 100 patient-years of follow-up, patients in the **sotagliflozin** group were alive and out of the hospital for 2.9 years more in absolute terms and 3% in relative terms.

Primary Efficacy: Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit



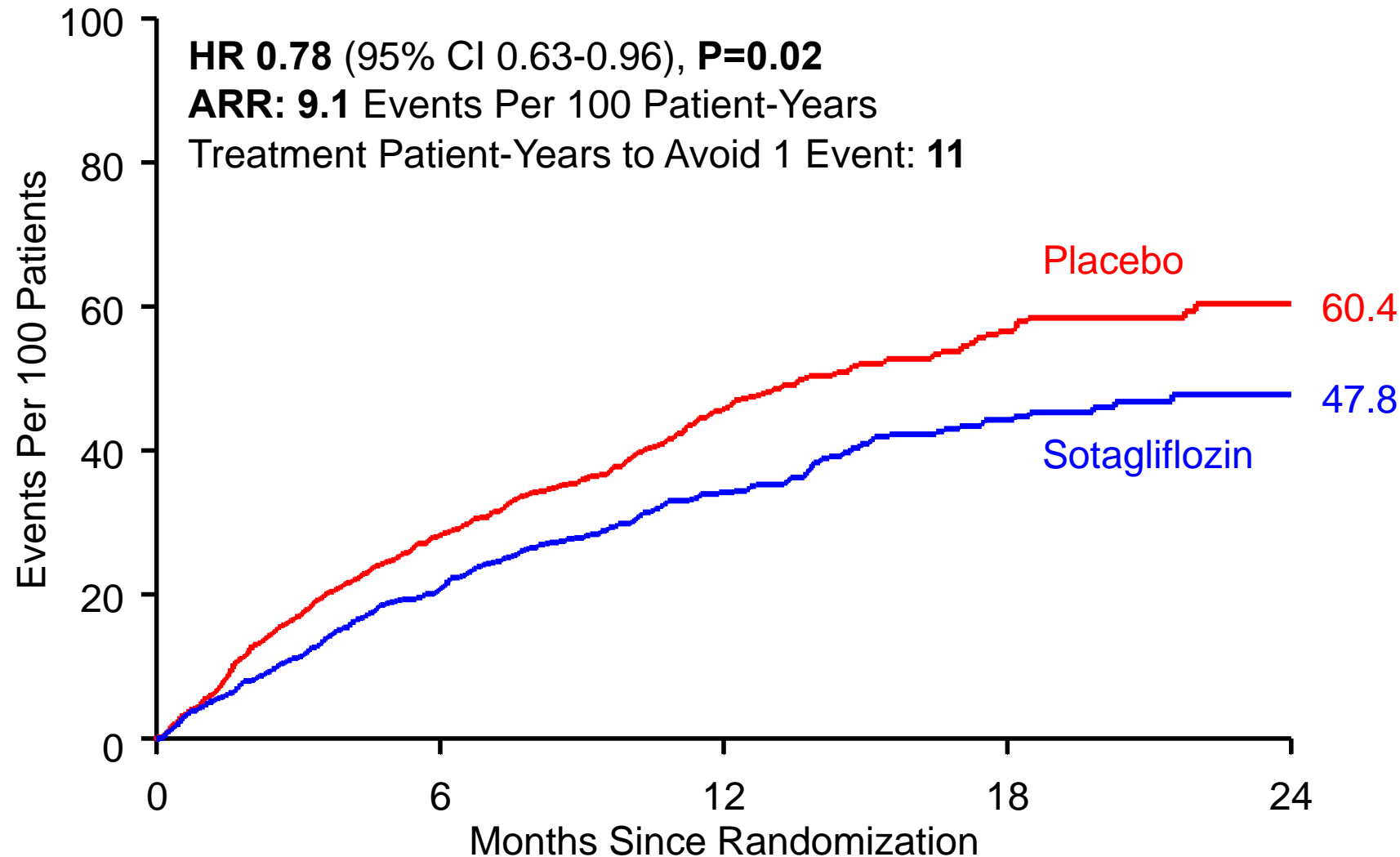
Pooled Data: **SOLOIST** and **SCORED**

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



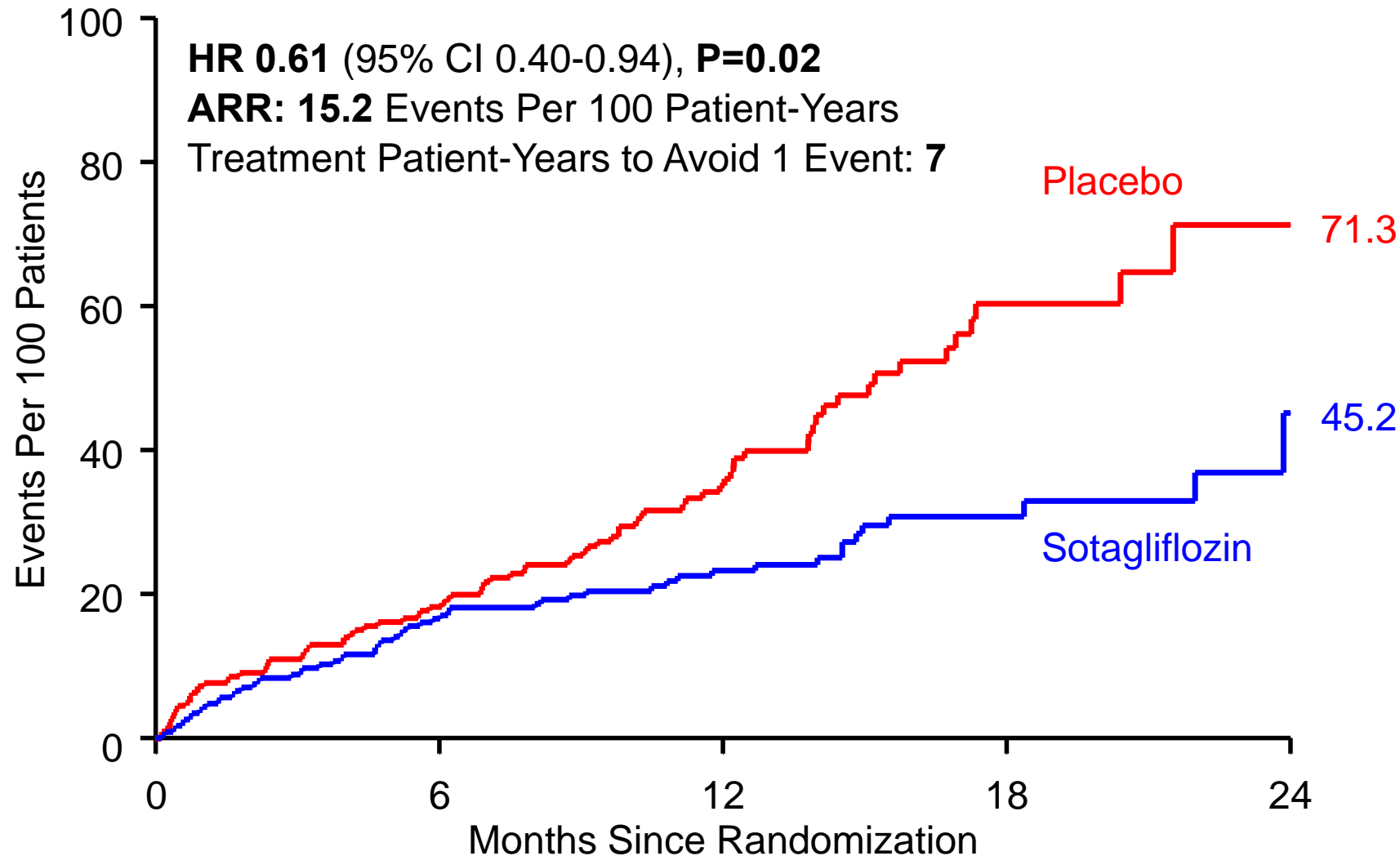
Pooled Data: **SOLOIST** and **SCORED**

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 1758 Patients with **HFrEF (<40%)**



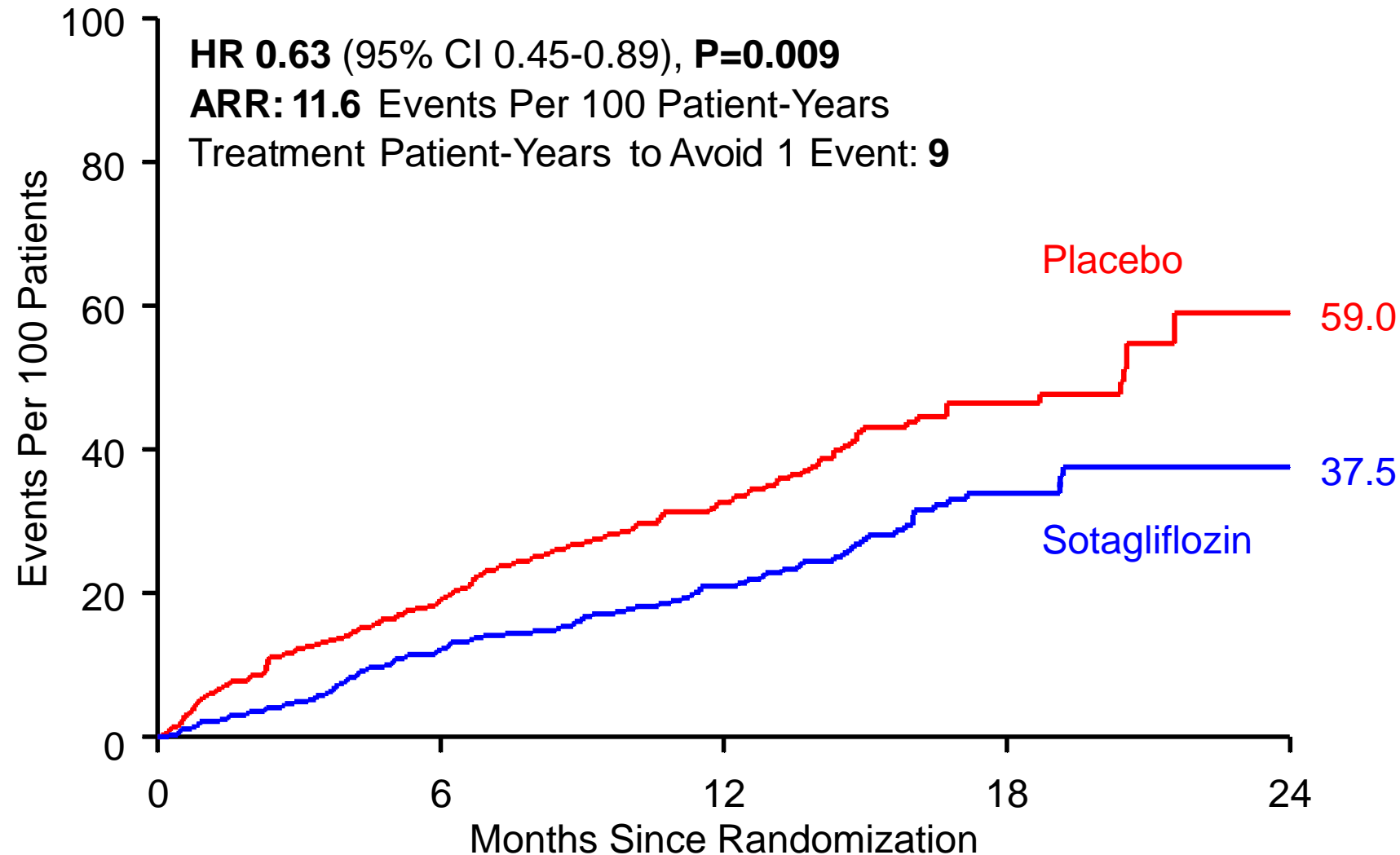
Pooled Data: **SOLOIST** and **SCORED**

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 456 Patients with **HFmrEF (40% - <50%)***

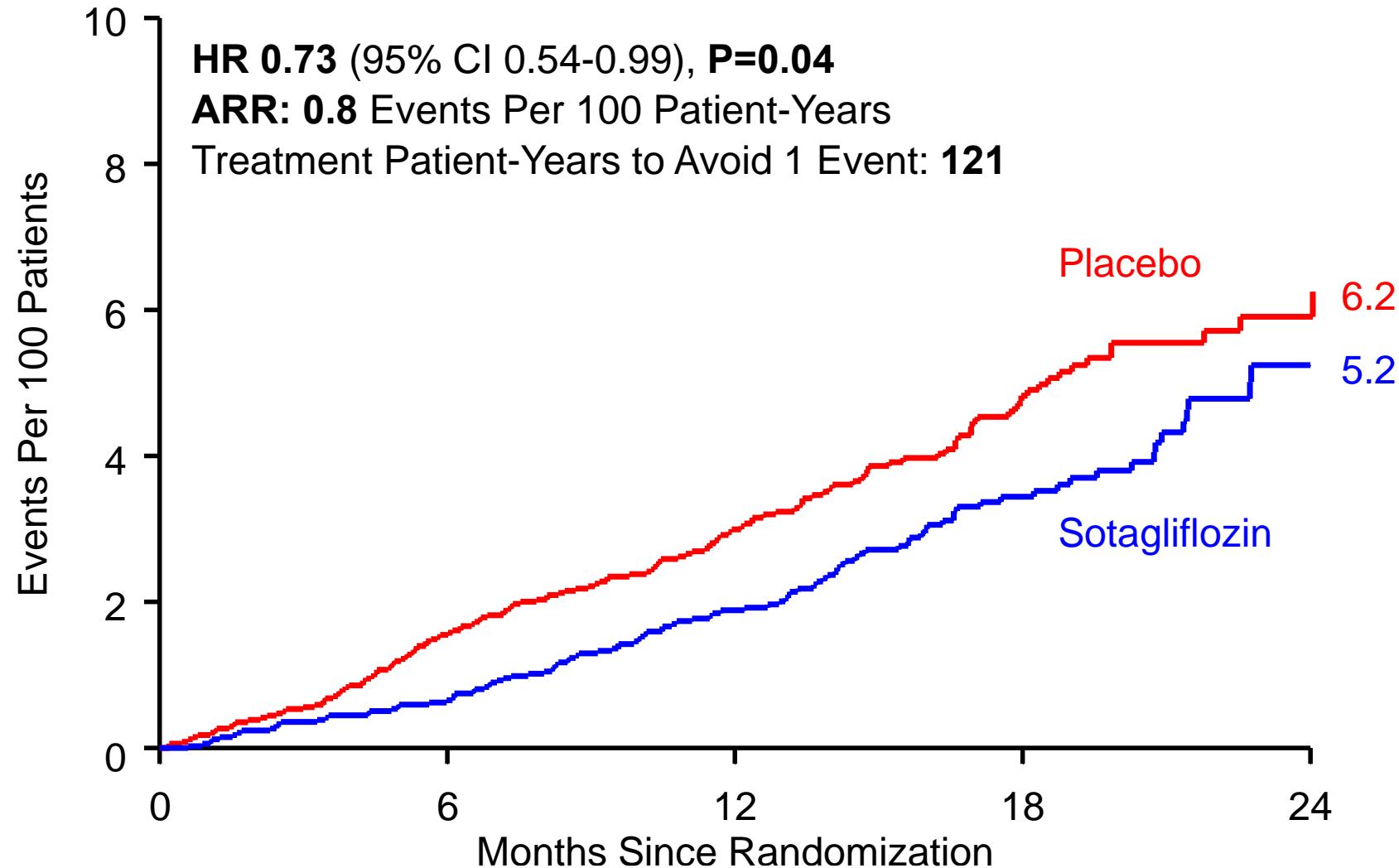


Pooled Data: **SOLOIST** and **SCORED**

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 739 Patients with **HFpEF ($\geq 50\%$)**

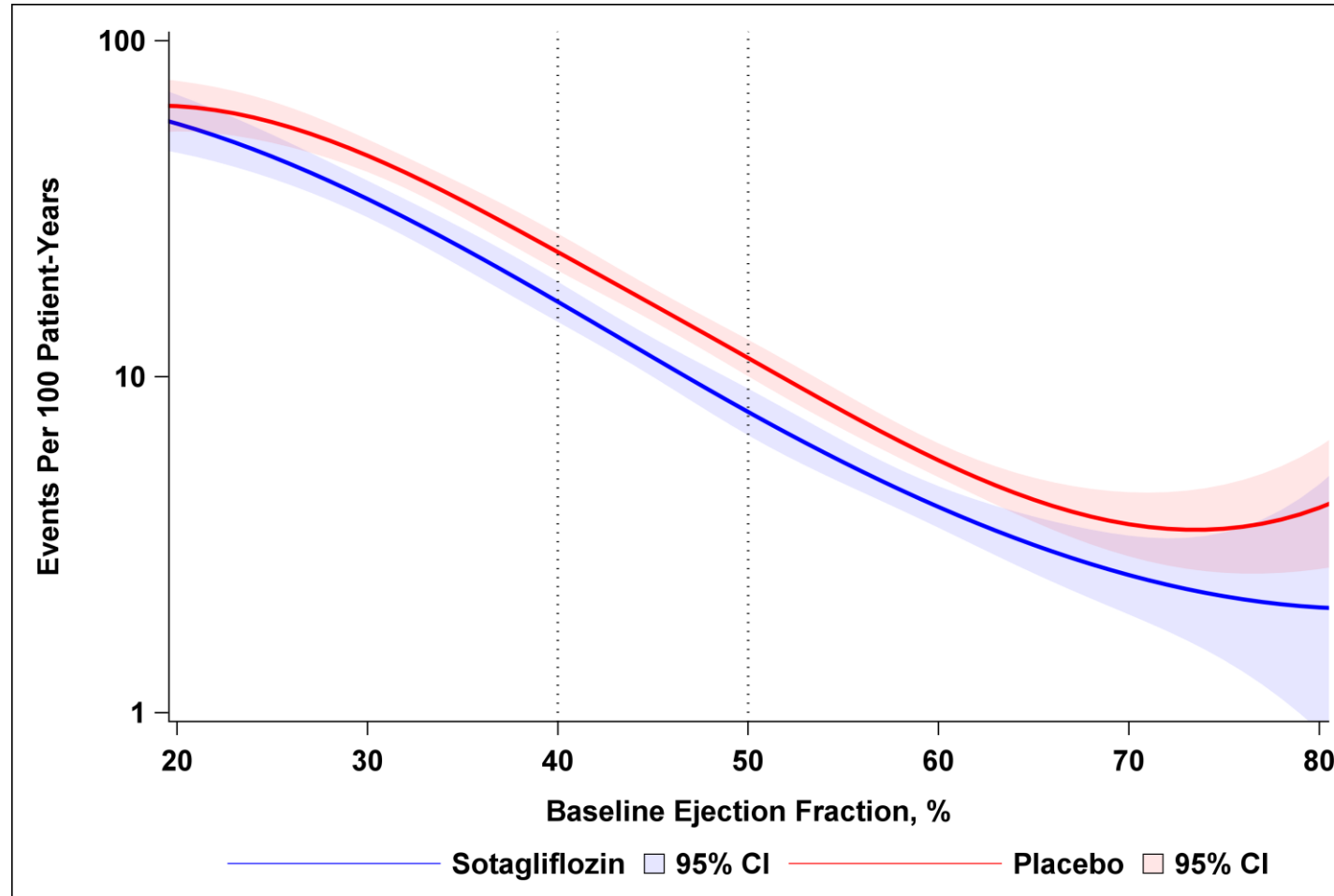


SCORED Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 6738 Patients with **no History of HF (EF \geq 50%)**



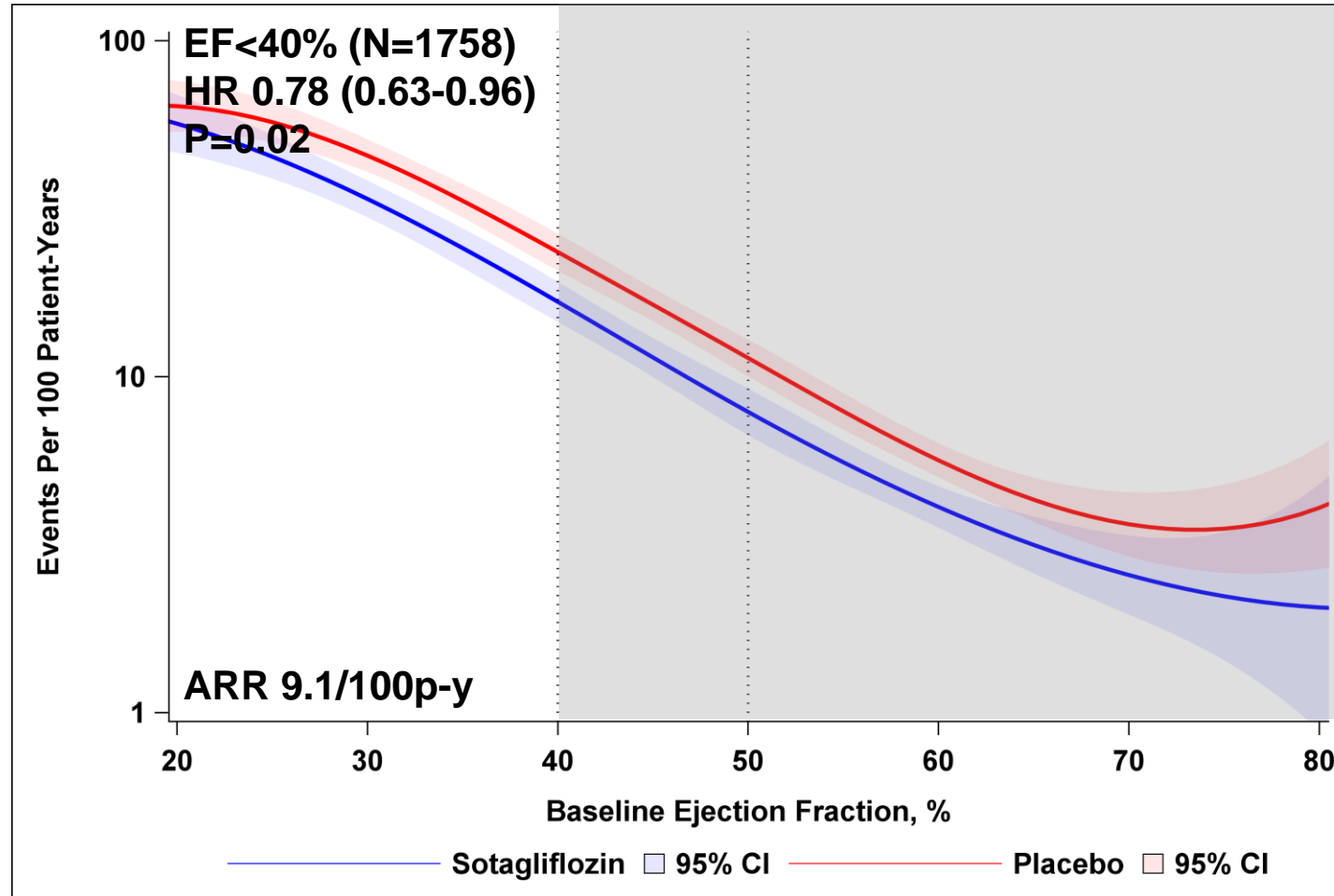
Pooled Data: **SOLOIST** and **SCORED**

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



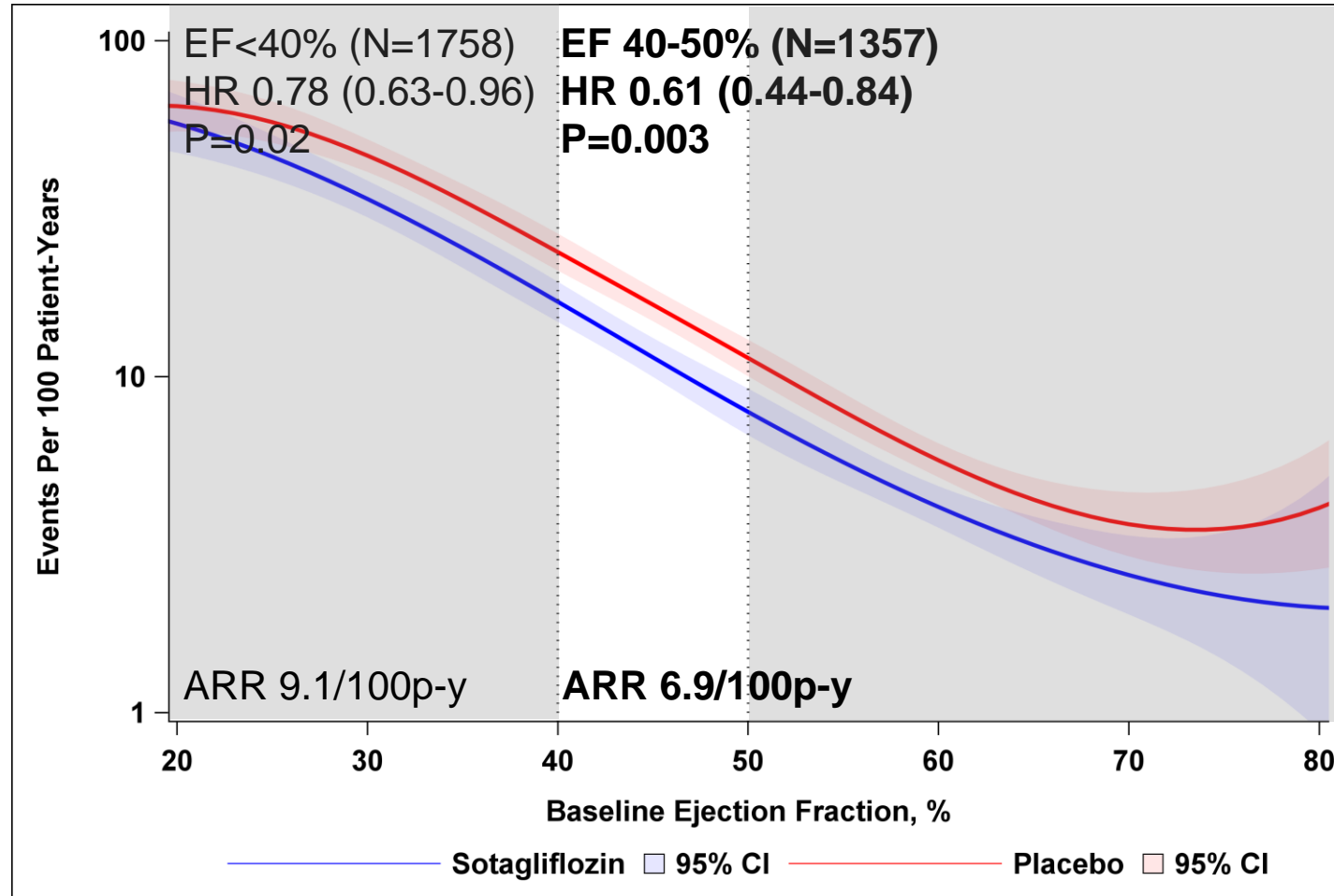
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Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



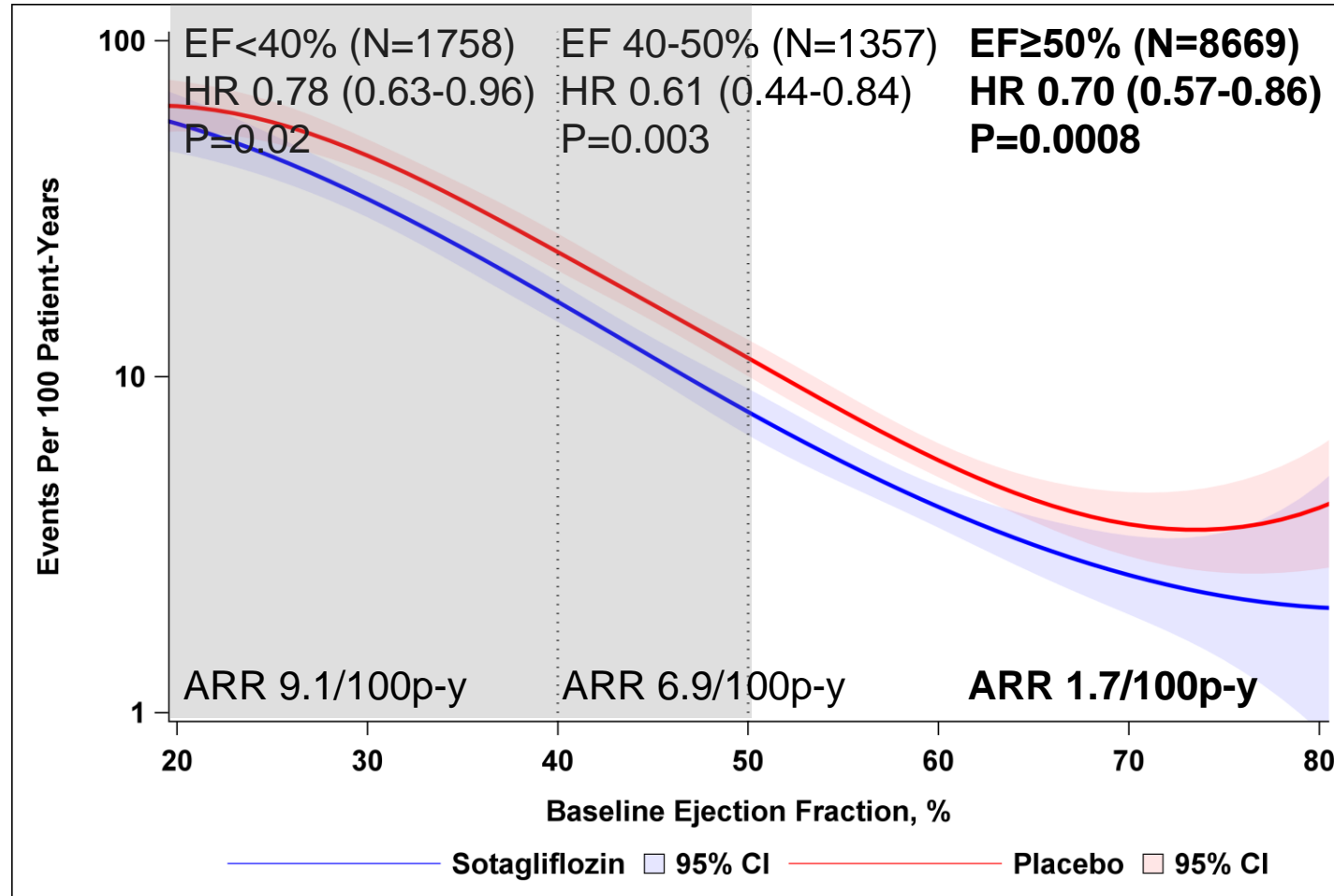
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Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



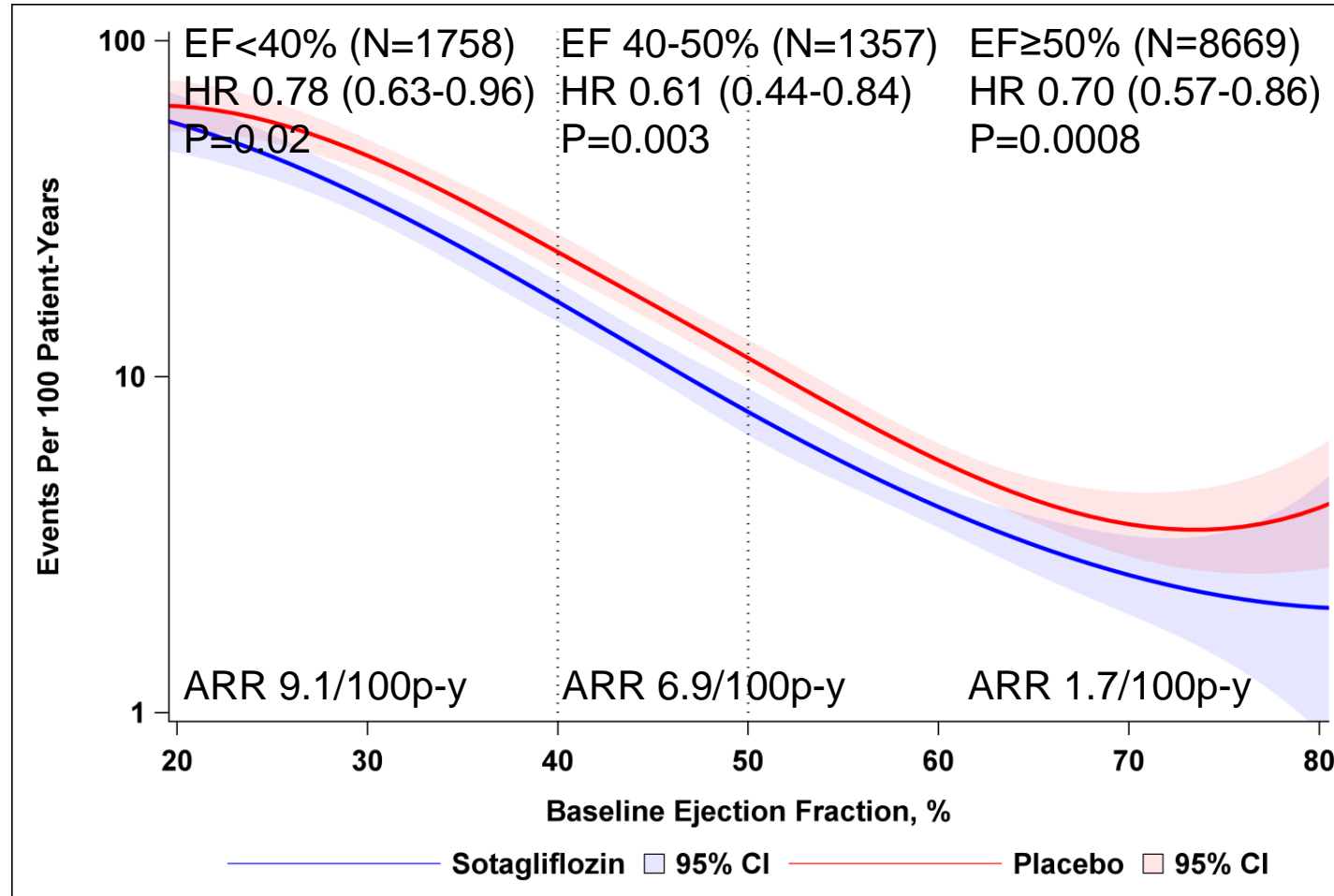
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Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



Pooled Data: **SOLOIST** and **SCORED**

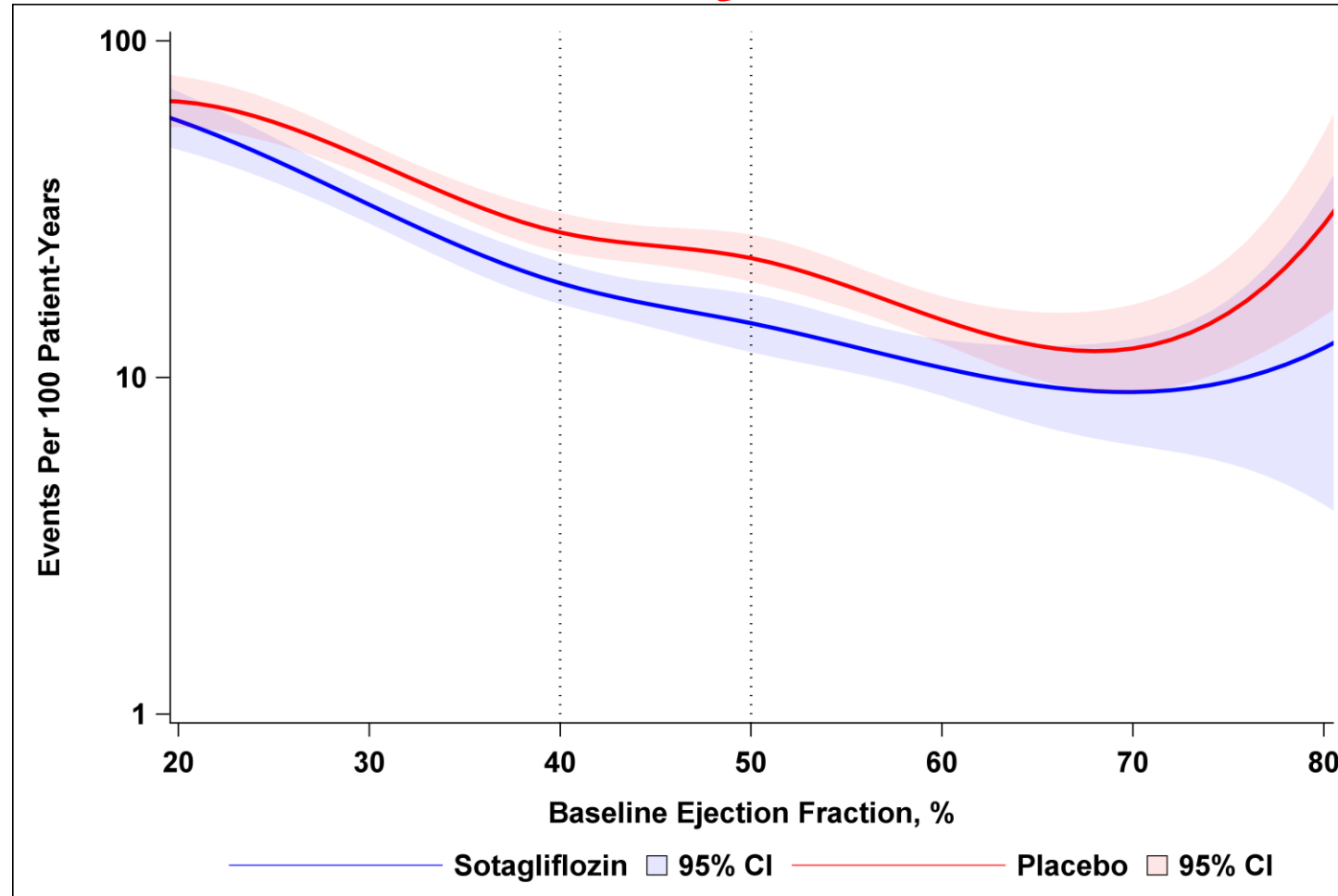
Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED



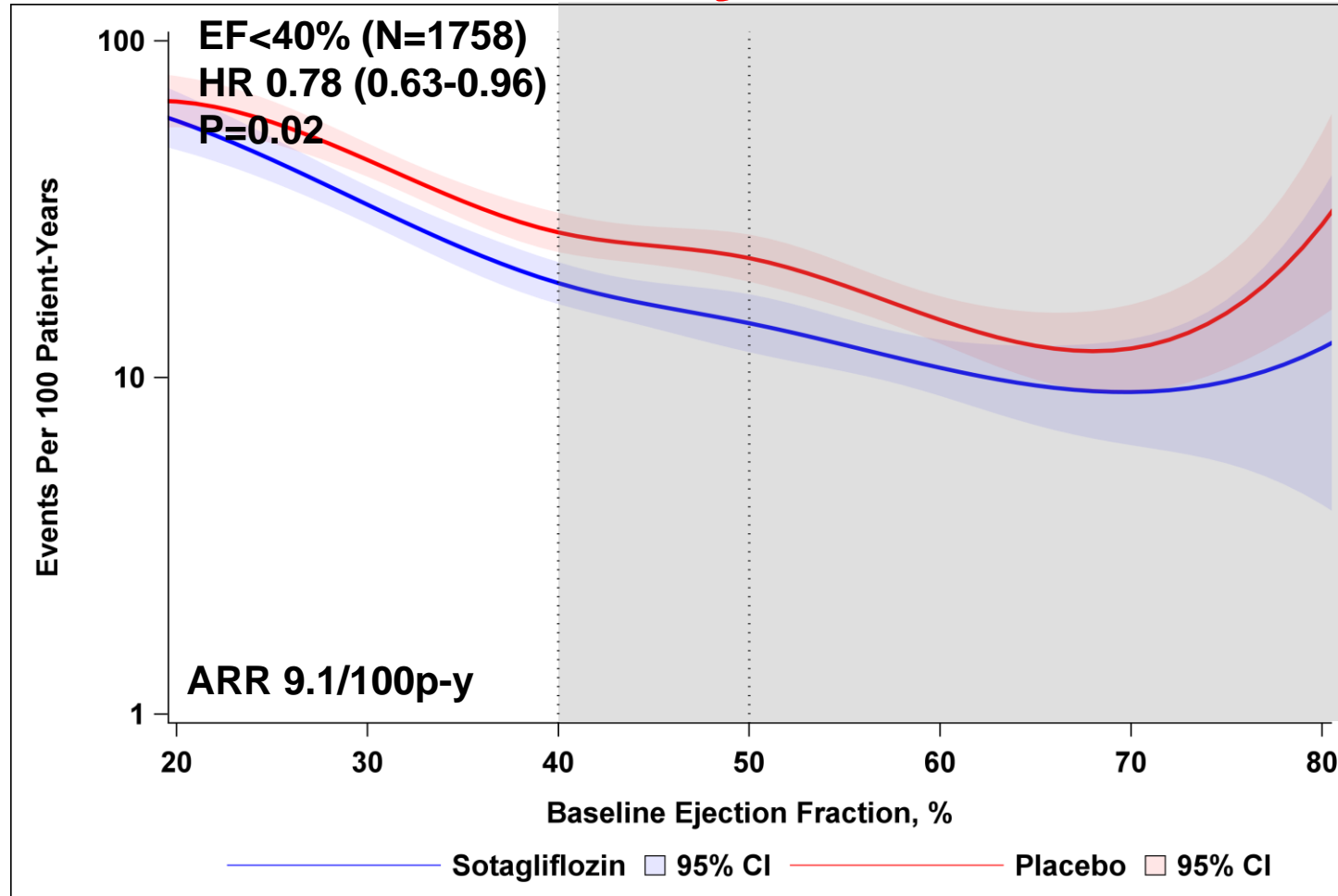
Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in
4500 Patients **with History of HF**



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED



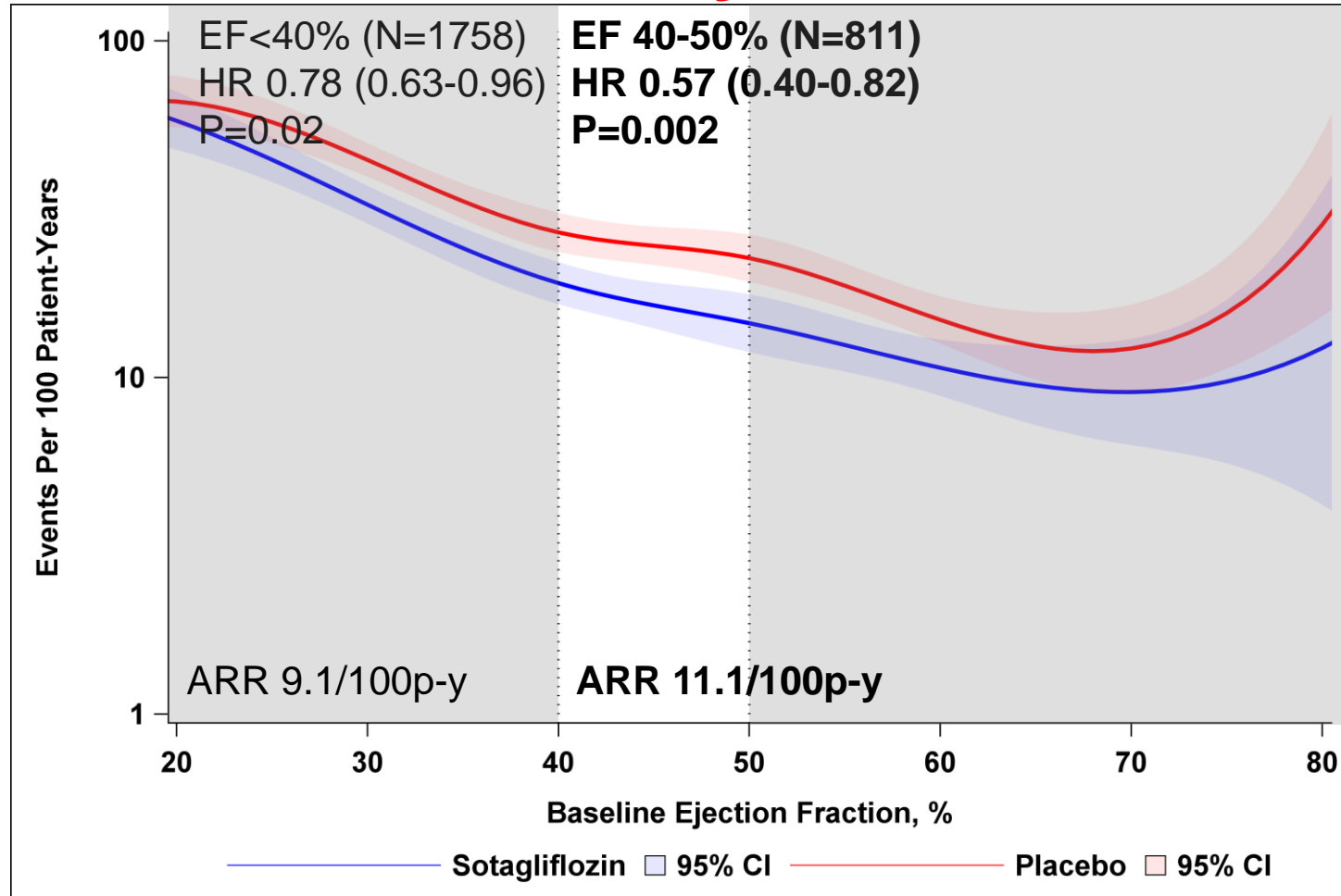
Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients **with History of HF**



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED



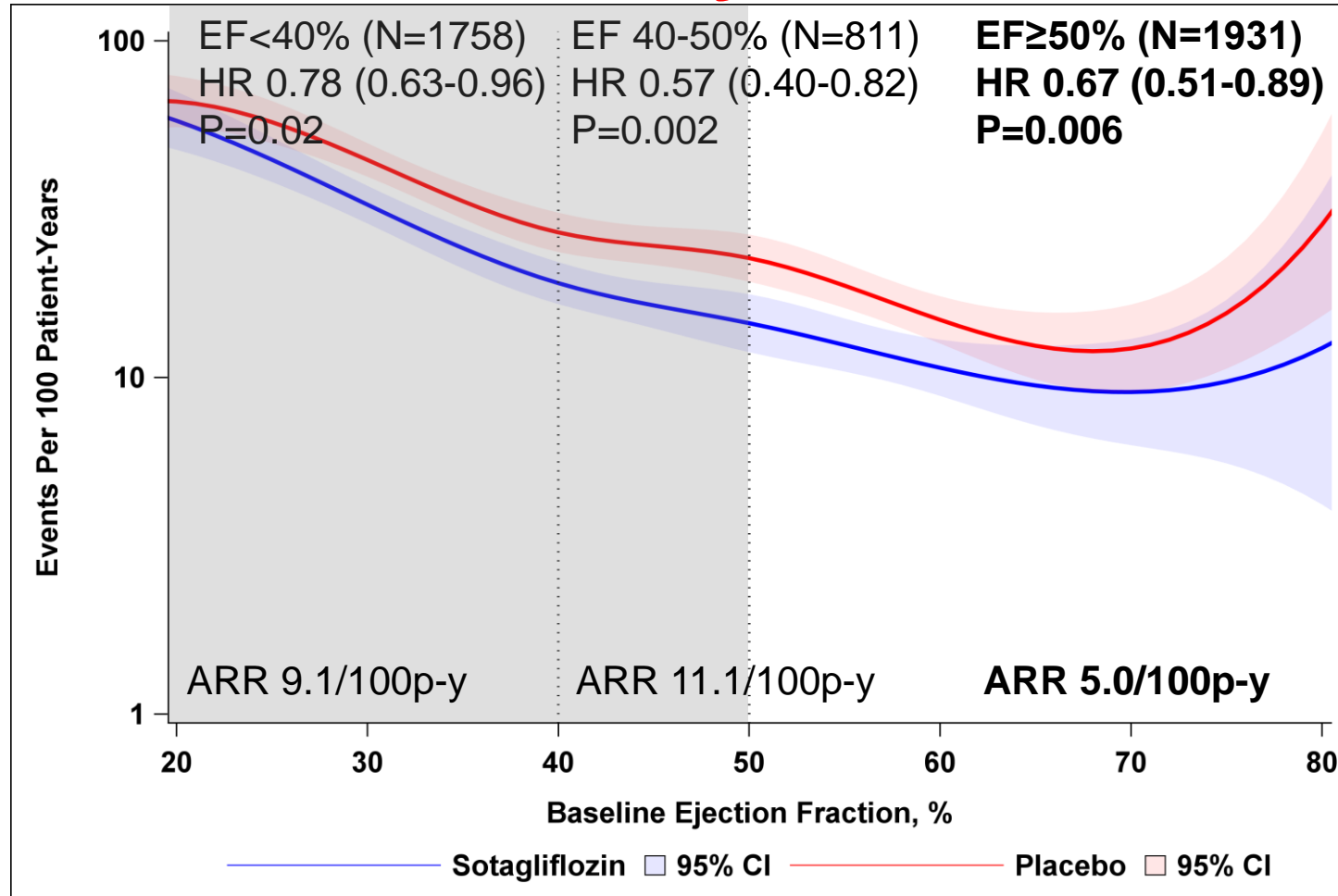
Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients **with History of HF**



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED



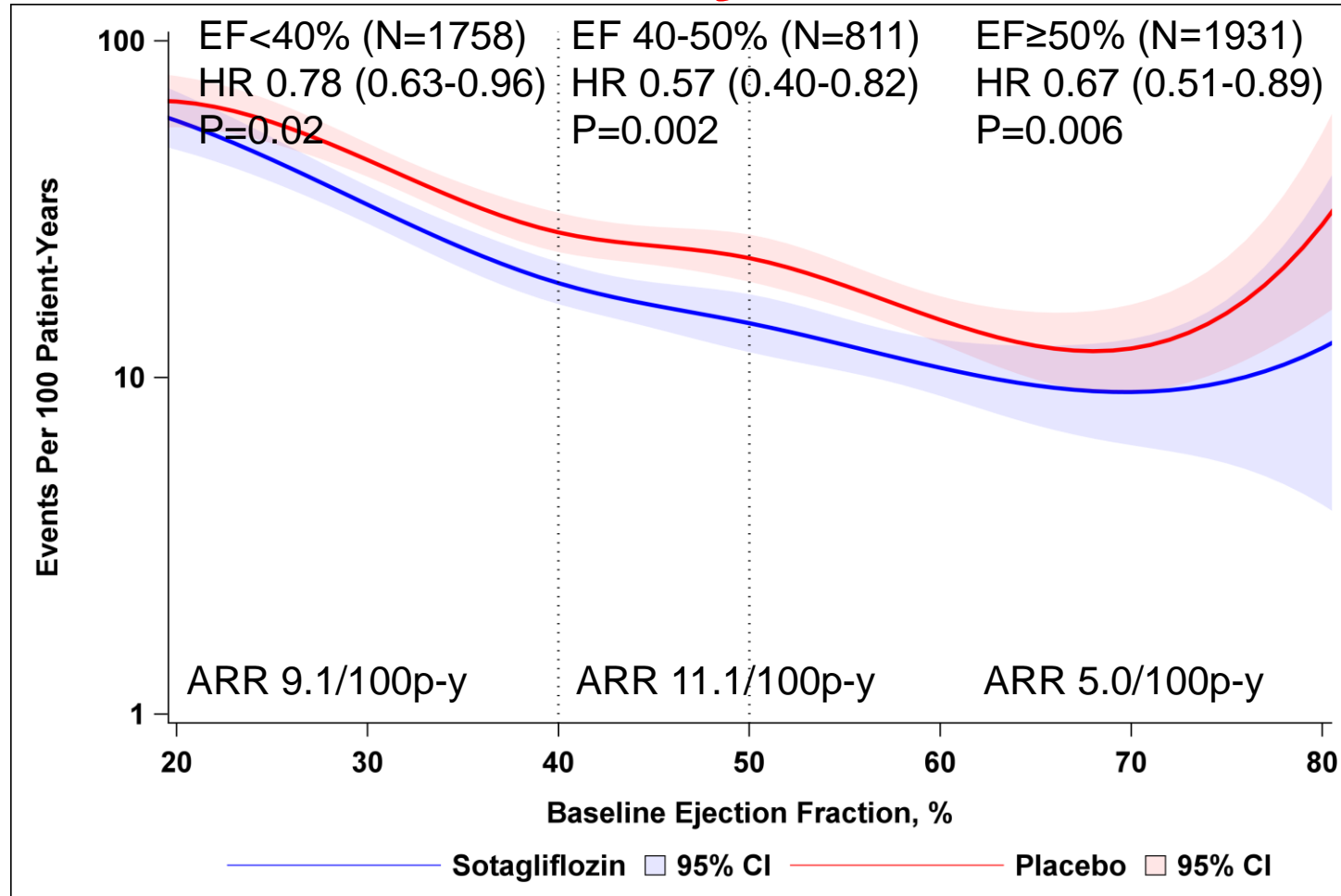
Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients with History of HF



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED



Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients with History of HF



HR $P_{\text{interaction}} = 0.35$
(by EF category)

RR $P_{\text{interaction}} = 0.33$
(by continuous EF)

Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



Intention-to-Treat Analysis

HR (95% CI)

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit

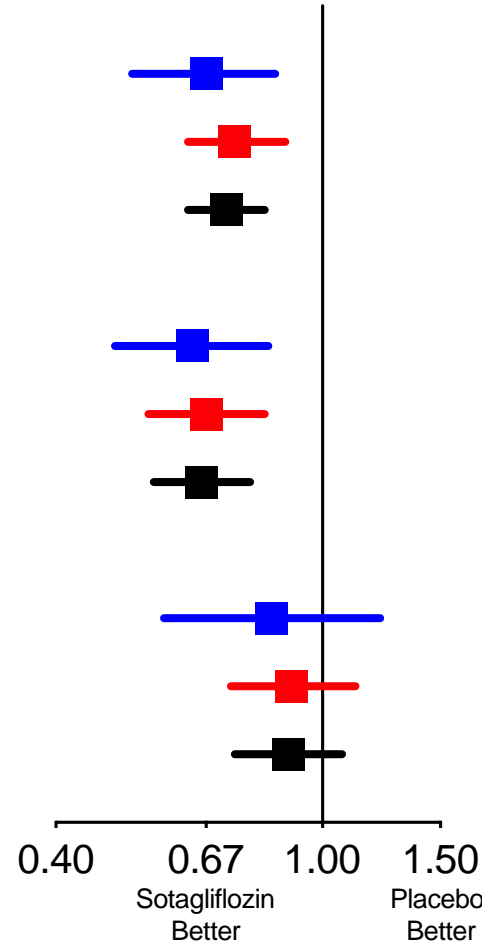
SOLOIST	0.67 (0.52, 0.85)
SCORED	0.74 (0.63, 0.88)
Pooled	0.72 (0.63, 0.82)

Total HHF and Urgent HF Visit

SOLOIST	0.64 (0.49, 0.83)
SCORED	0.67 (0.55, 0.82)
Pooled	0.66 (0.56, 0.78)

CV Death

SOLOIST	0.84 (0.58, 1.22)
SCORED	0.90 (0.73, 1.12)
Pooled	0.89 (0.74, 1.07)



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



Intention-to-Treat Analysis

HR (95% CI)

On-Treatment Analysis

HR (95% CI)

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit

SOLOIST	0.67 (0.52, 0.85)
SCORED	0.74 (0.63, 0.88)
Pooled	0.72 (0.63, 0.82)

0.62 (0.48, 0.79)
0.63 (0.53, 0.76)
0.63 (0.54, 0.73)

Total HHF and Urgent HF Visit

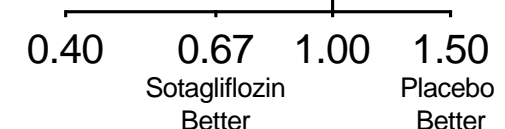
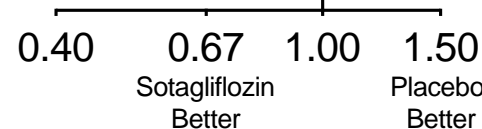
SOLOIST	0.64 (0.49, 0.83)
SCORED	0.67 (0.55, 0.82)
Pooled	0.66 (0.56, 0.78)

0.59 (0.45, 0.77)
0.60 (0.48, 0.74)
0.60 (0.50, 0.71)

CV Death

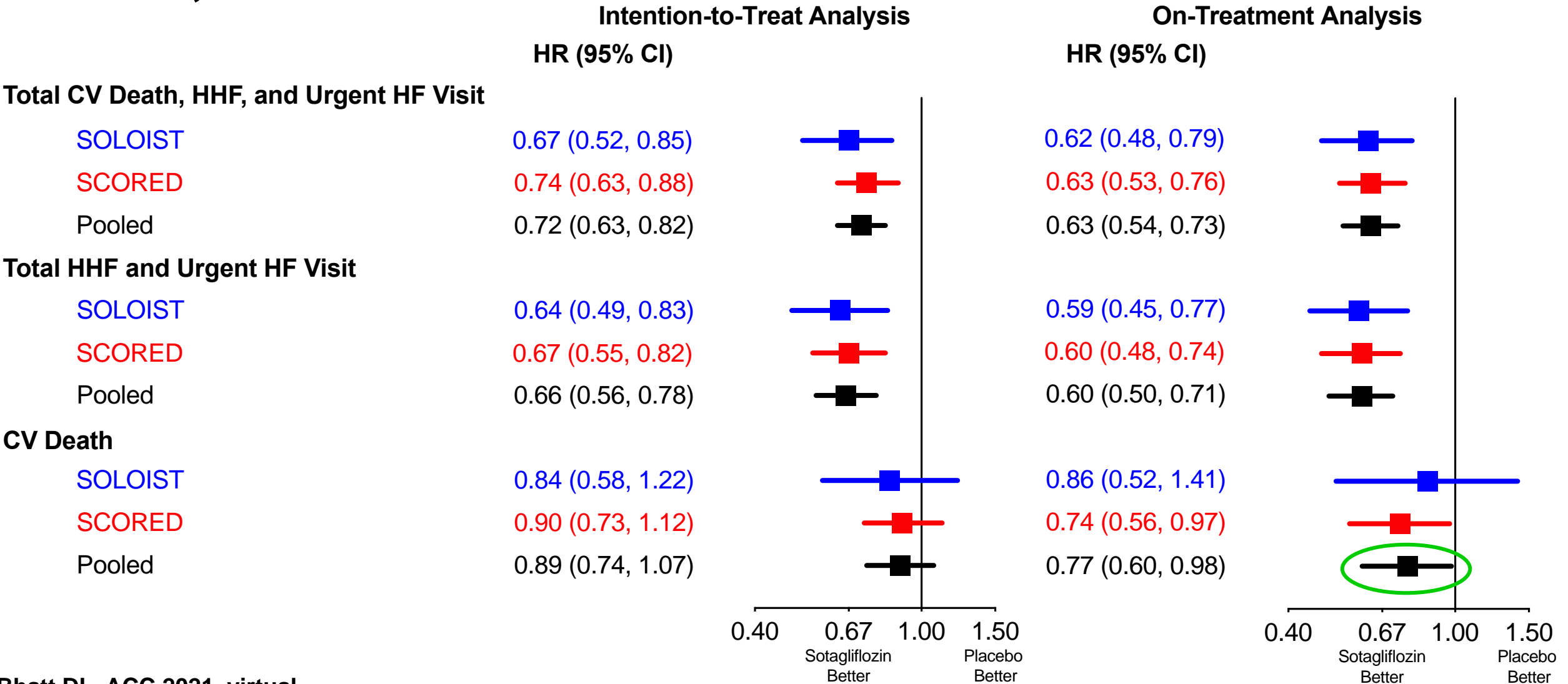
SOLOIST	0.84 (0.58, 1.22)
SCORED	0.90 (0.73, 1.12)
Pooled	0.89 (0.74, 1.07)

0.86 (0.52, 1.41)
0.74 (0.56, 0.97)
0.77 (0.60, 0.98)



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients **with History of HF**



Intention-to-Treat Analysis

HR (95% CI)

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit

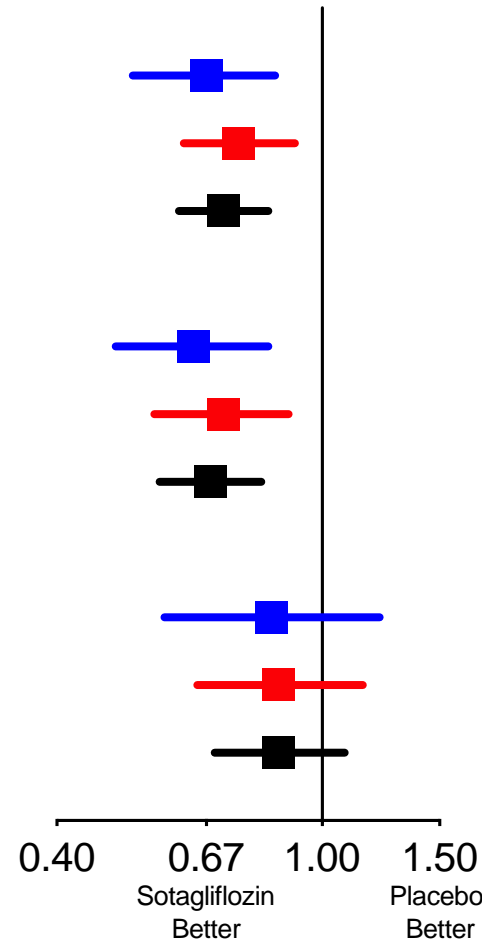
SOLOIST	0.67 (0.52, 0.85)
SCORED	0.75 (0.62, 0.91)
Pooled	0.71 (0.61, 0.83)

Total HHF and Urgent HF Visit

SOLOIST	0.64 (0.49, 0.83)
SCORED	0.71 (0.56, 0.89)
Pooled	0.68 (0.57, 0.81)

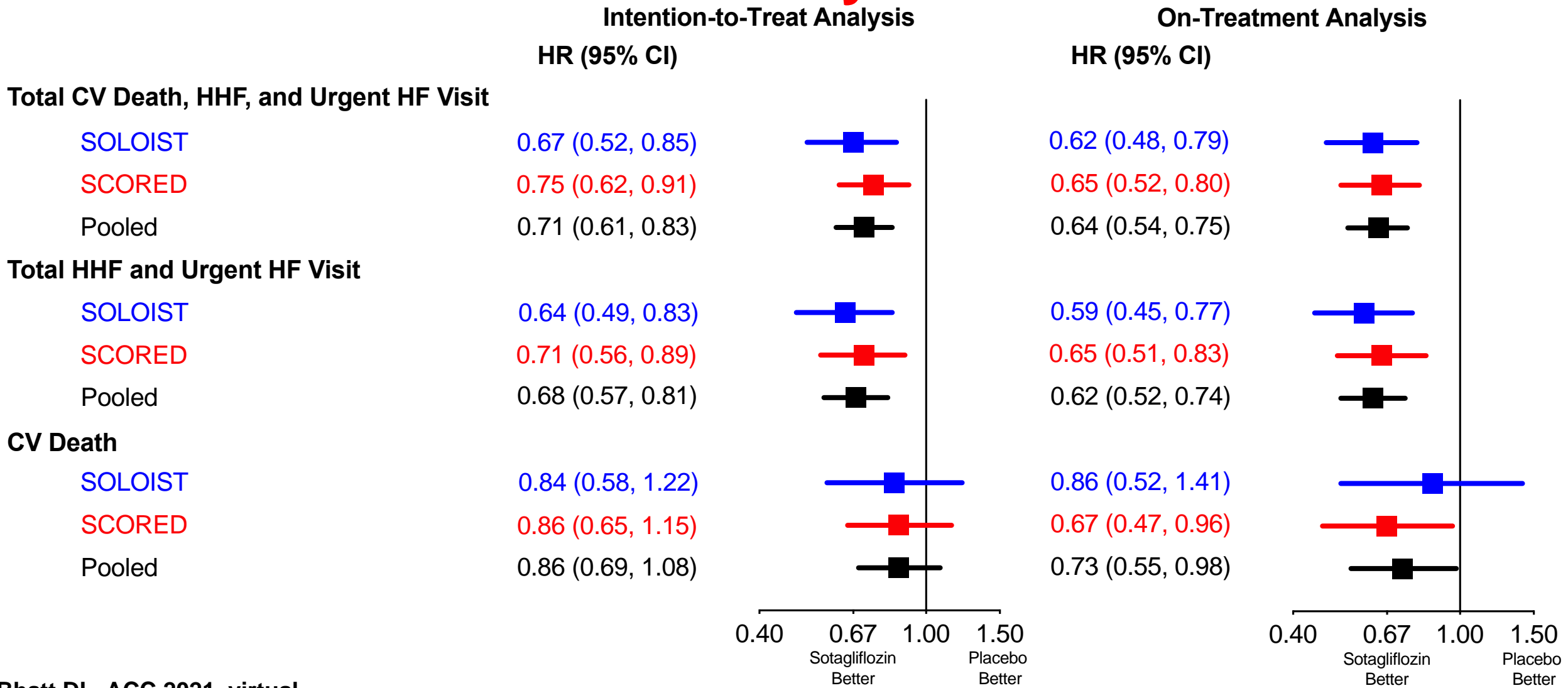
CV Death

SOLOIST	0.84 (0.58, 1.22)
SCORED	0.86 (0.65, 1.15)
Pooled	0.86 (0.69, 1.08)



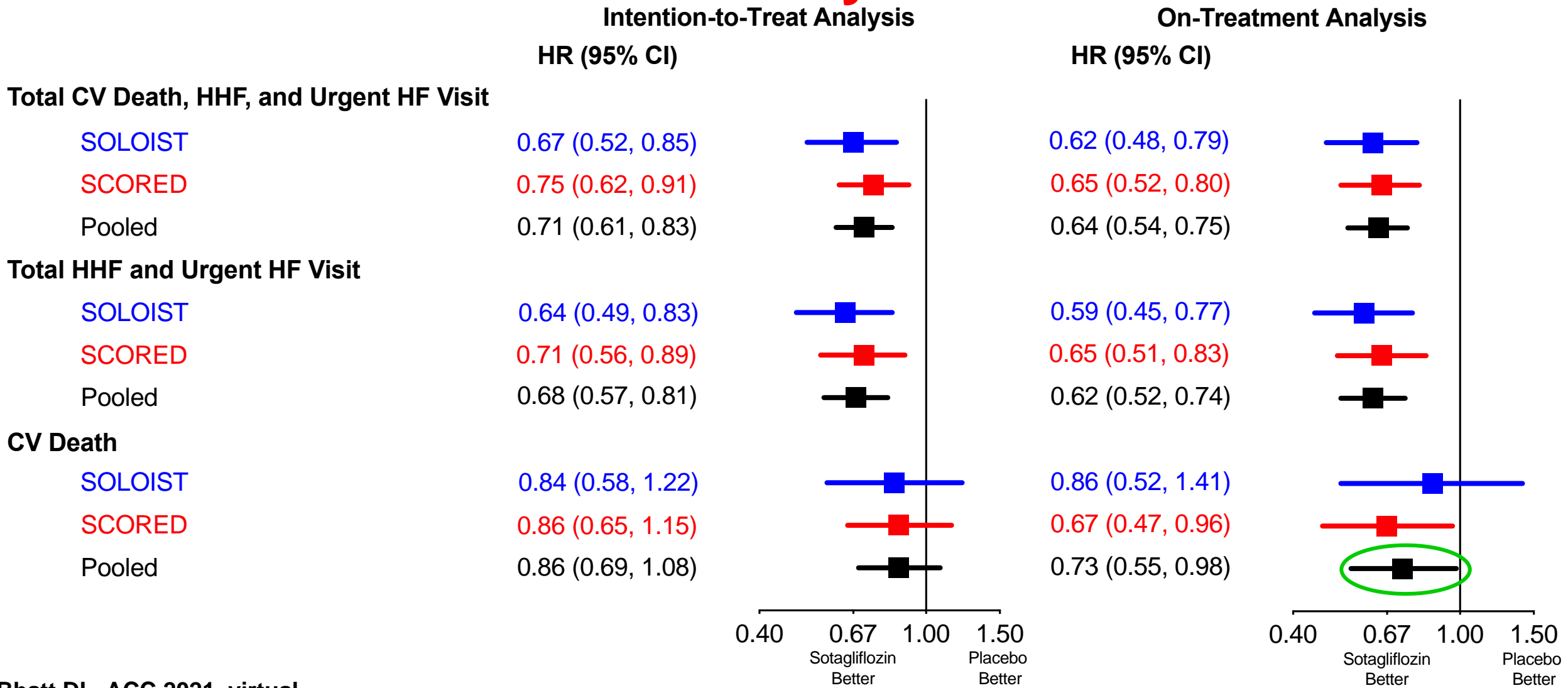
Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients with History of HF



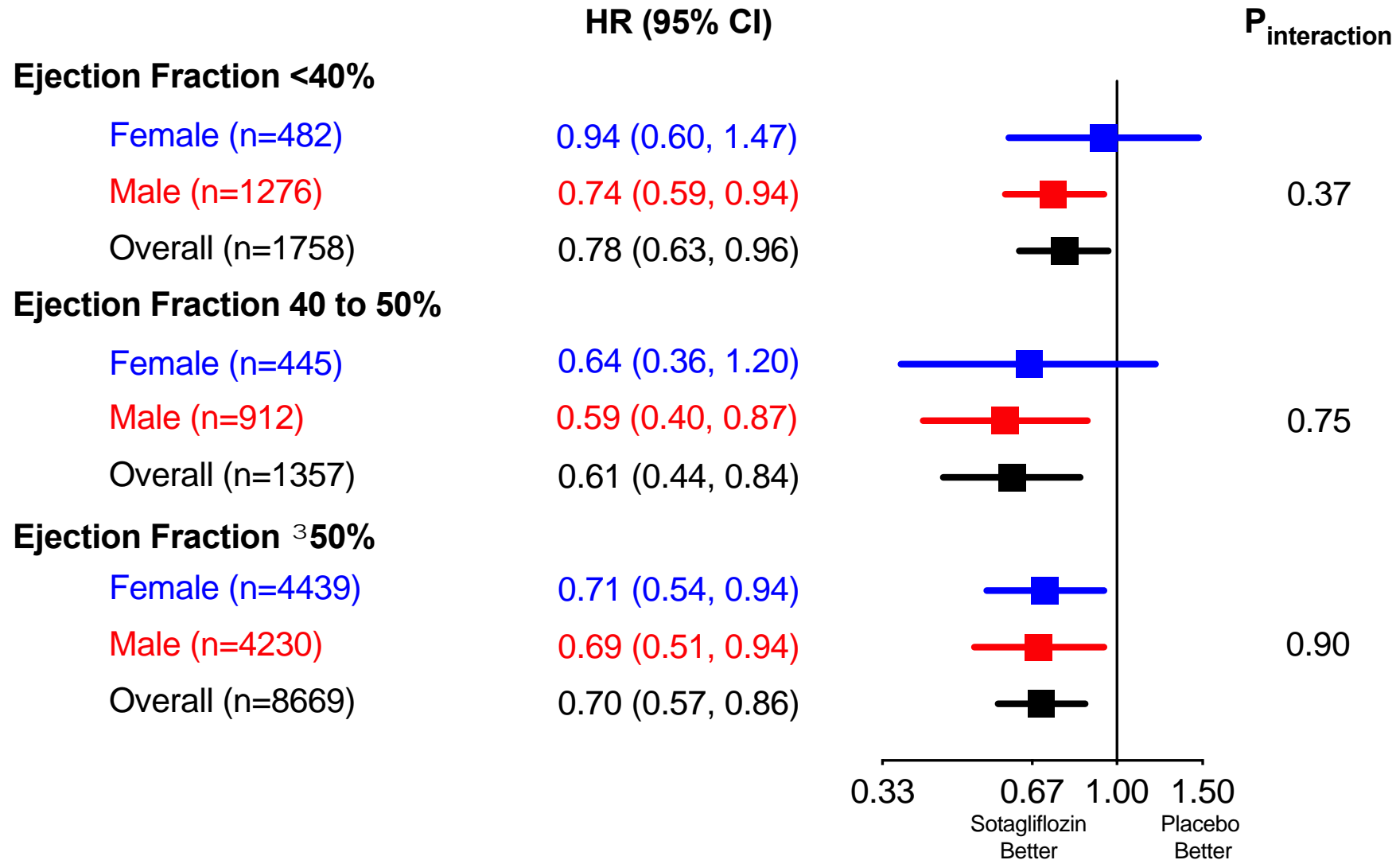
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Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients **with History of HF**



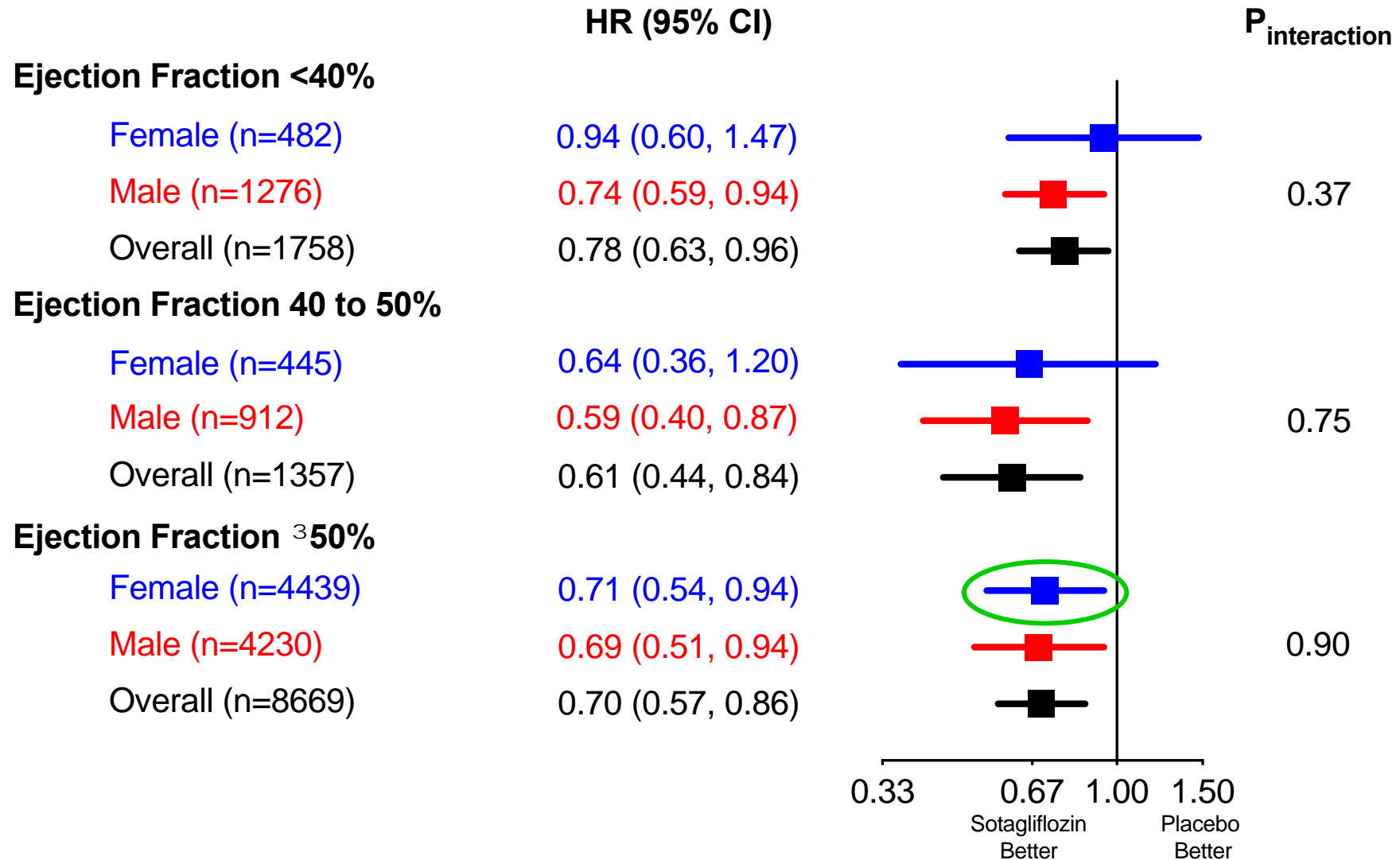
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Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 11,784 Patients



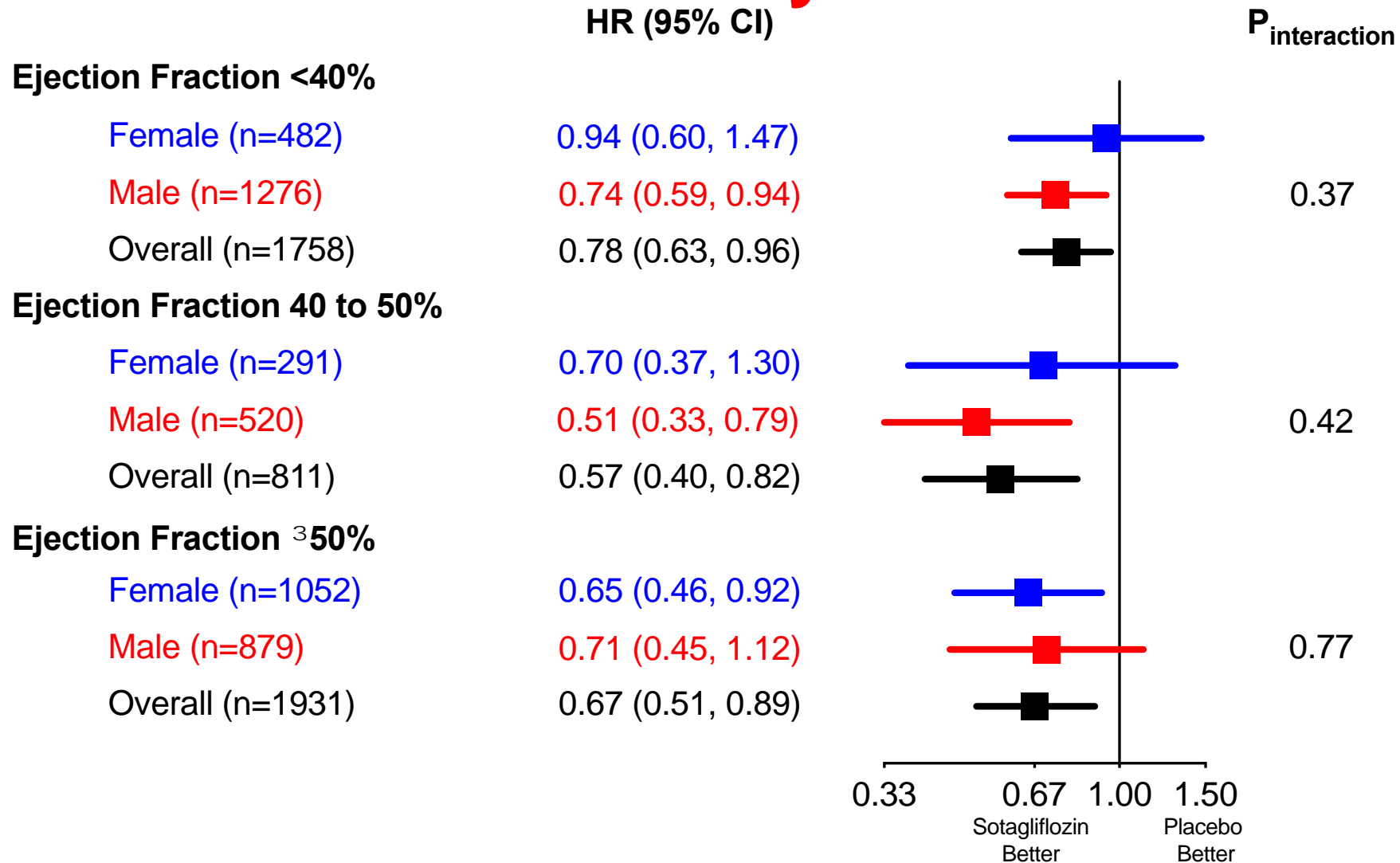
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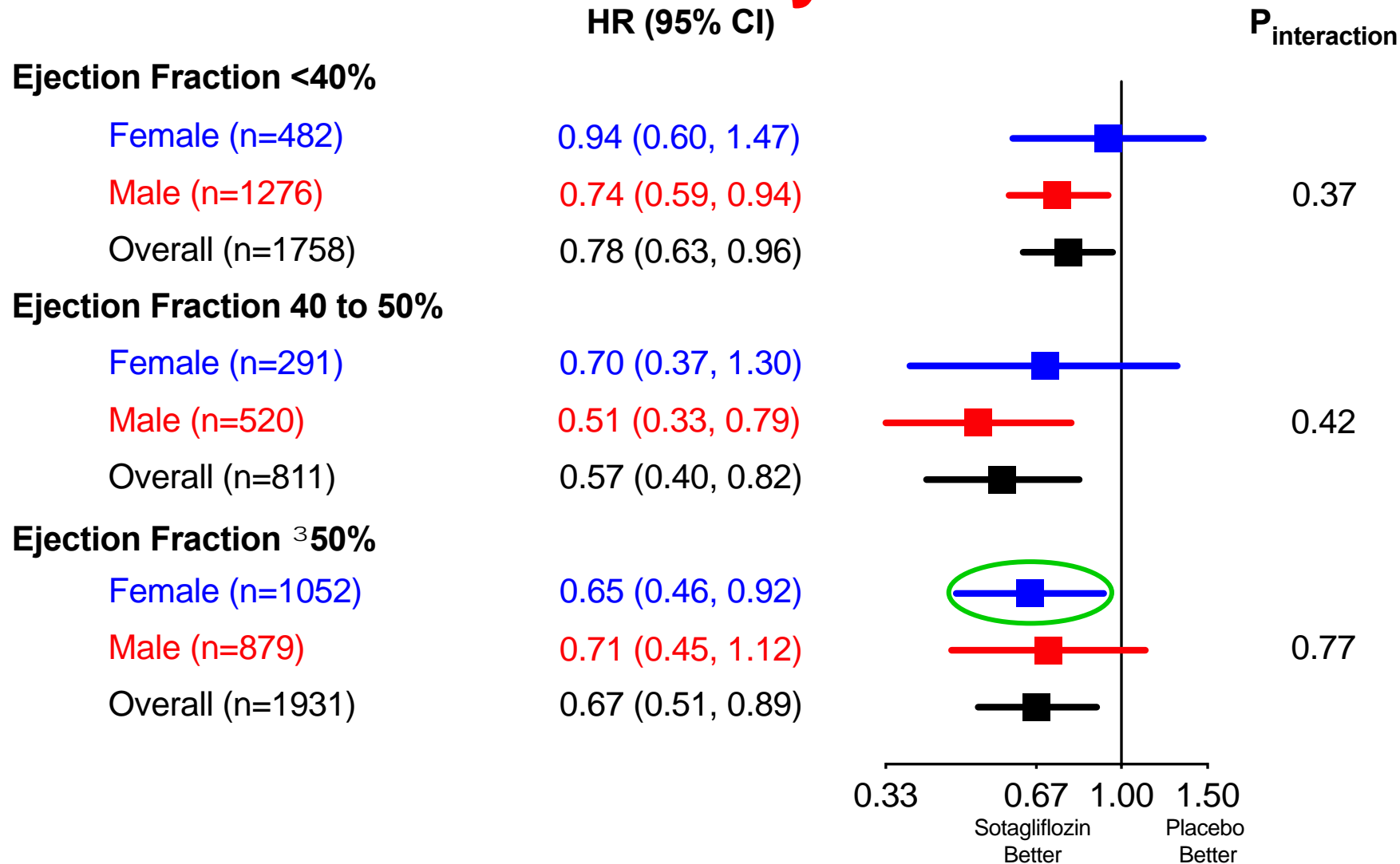
Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients **with History of HF**



Pooled Data: SOLOIST and SCORED

Total CV Death, HHF, and Urgent HF Visit in 4500 Patients **with History of HF**



Limitations

Trials were stopped early during the onset of the pandemic

- Nevertheless, robust reduction in primary endpoint

Shortened duration limited the statistical power to see significant reductions in certain endpoints

- Though on-treatment analyses show a significant reduction in CV death

Some of the present analyses were prespecified, others were *post hoc*

- Both types of analyses were consistent in terms of demonstrating significant benefits

Conclusions



Sotagliflozin robustly and significantly reduced the composite of total cardiovascular deaths, hospitalizations for heart failure, and urgent visits for heart failure across the full range of ejection fraction, including in patients with heart failure with preserved ejection fraction.

As well, in on-treatment analyses, **sotagliflozin** demonstrated a significant reduction in cardiovascular death.

These are the first randomized data from a prespecified analysis of clinical trials to show a significant effect of a therapy on heart failure with preserved ejection fraction, additionally demonstrating a consistent and significant benefit in women.



BRIGHAM AND
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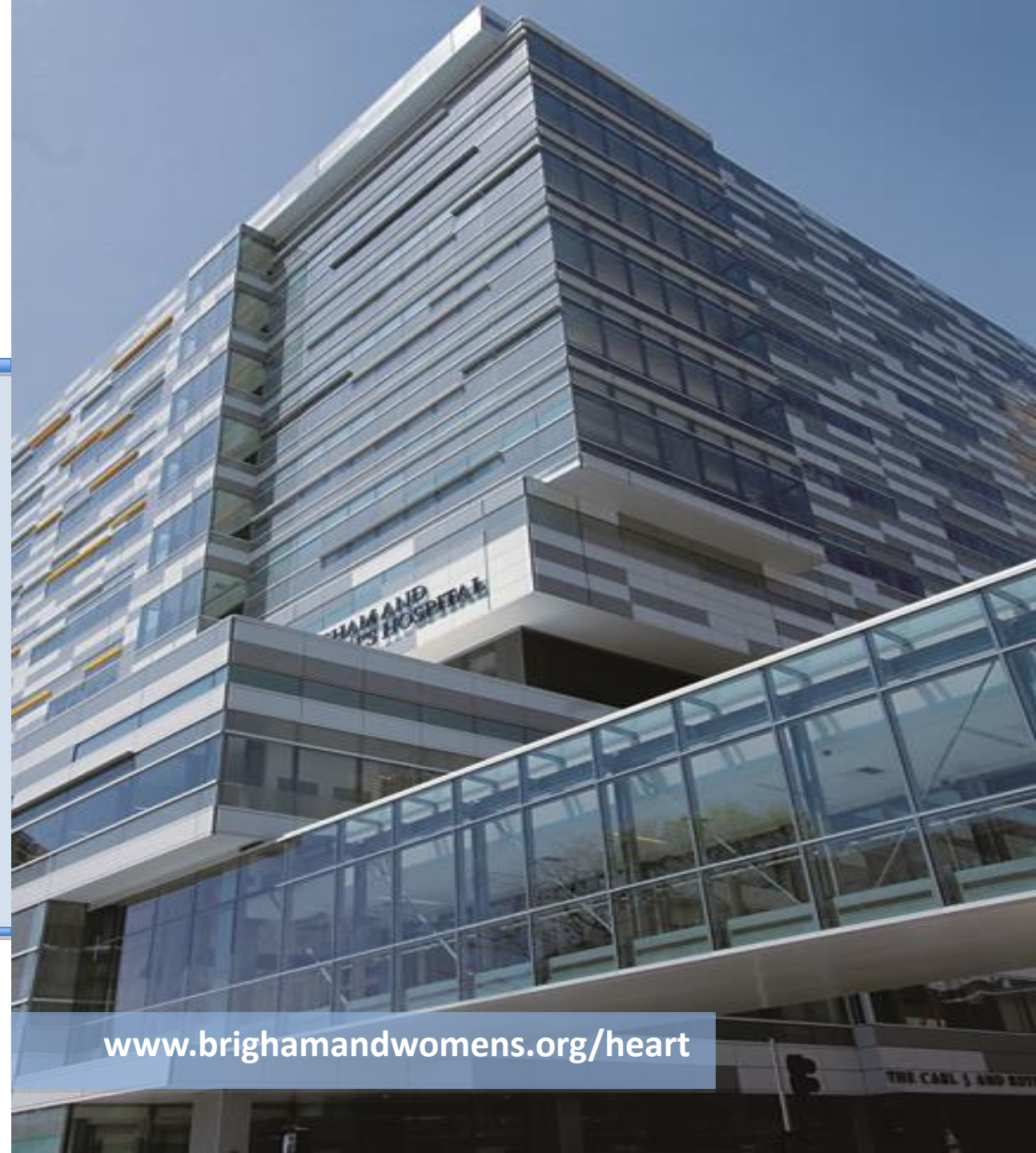
| Heart & Vascular Center |

Thank You!

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