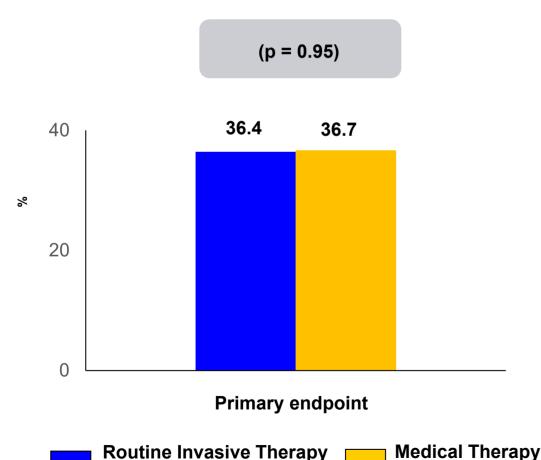
ISCHEMIA-CKD

#AHA19



Trial Description: Patients with stable ischemic heart disease, moderate to severe ischemia, and chronic kidney disease were randomized to routine invasive therapy vs. medical therapy.



(n = 388)

RESULTS

- Primary efficacy endpoint: Death or MI at 2.3 years, occurred in 36.4% of the routine invasive group vs. 36.7% of the medical therapy group (p = 0.95)
- Improvement in symptoms was not observed irrespective of angina burden

CONCLUSIONS

(n = 389)

- Among patients with stable ischemic heart disease, moderate to severe ischemia
 on noninvasive stress testing, and advanced chronic kidney disease, routine
 invasive therapy failed to reduce the incidence of death or MI compared with
 optimal medical therapy
- Routine invasive therapy failed to improve angina symptoms and quality of life compared with medical therapy

Presented by Drs. Sripal Bangalore and John Spertus at AHA 2019